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KNICKERBOCKER
208

LONG RANGE SEISMIC MEASUREMENTS

KNICKERBOCKER

26 MAY 1967

Prepared for
AIR FORCE TECHNICAL APPLICATIONS CENTER
Washington, D. C.

9 FEBRUARY 1968

By
TELEDYNE, INC.

Under
Project VELA UNIFORM

Sponsored By
ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY
Nuclear Test Detection Office
ARPA Order No. 624



**BEST
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LONG RANGE SEISMIC MEASUREMENTS

KNICKERBOCKER

9 February 1968

SEISMIC DATA LABORATORY REPORT NO. 208

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Project Title:	Seismic Data Laboratory
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Project Manager:	William C. Dean (703) 836-7644

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Washington, D.C

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
EVENT DESCRIPTION	1
INTRODUCTION	2
INSTRUMENTATION AND PROCEDURE	2
DATA AND RESULTS	4

TABLES

- 1 Station Status Report - KNICKERBOCKER
- 2 Principal Phases - KNICKERBOCKER
- 3 Recording Site Information - KNICKERBOCKER

FIGURES

- 1 Recording Stations and Signals Received
- 2 Unified Magnitudes
- 3 Adjusted Unified Magnitudes
- 4 Travel-Time Residuals, $T-\Delta/8.1$; T-JB
- 5 Maximum Amplitudes of Pn and P
- 6 Maximum Amplitudes of Pg
- 7 Maximum Amplitudes of Lg
- 8 Maximum Amplitudes of LQ
- 9 Maximum Amplitudes of LR

KNICKERBOCKER
EVENT DESCRIPTION

DATE: 26 May 1967

TIME OF ORIGIN: 15:00:00.0Z

YIELD:

MAGNITUDE: 5.54 \pm 0.42

LOCATION:

SITE: Nevada Test Site, Area U20d

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES:

Latitude: 37° 14' 53.0" N

Longitude: 116° 28' 49.0" W

ENVIRONMENT:

GEOLOGIC MEDIUM: RHYOLITE

SURFACE ELEVATION: 6250 ft.

SHOT ELEVATION: 4170 ft.

SHOT DEPTH: 2080 ft.

COMPUTED EPICENTER: ALL STATIONS

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES:

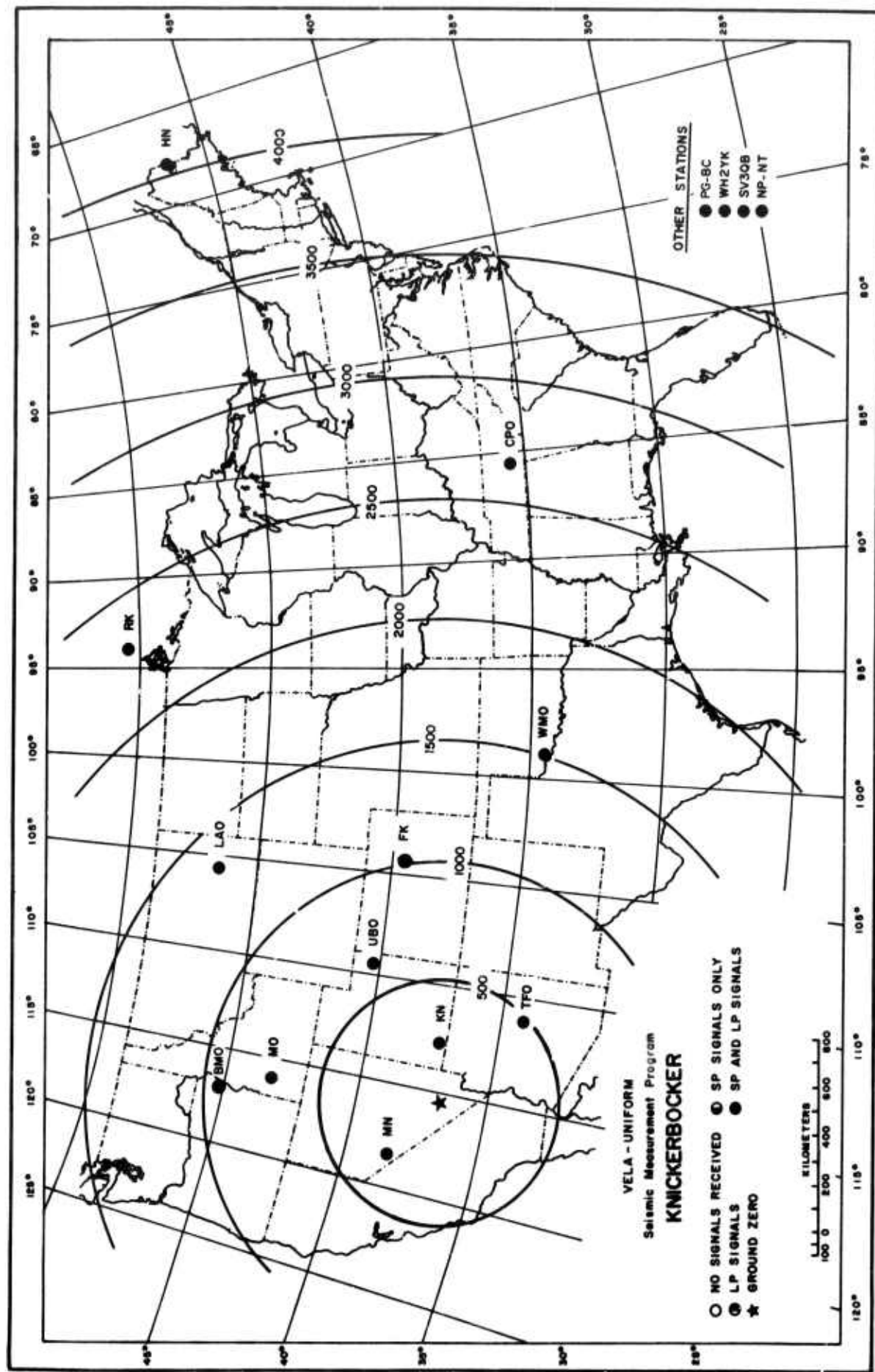
Latitude: 37° 06' 00.0" N

Longitude: 116° 36' 36.0" W

TIME OF ORIGIN: 15:00:01.5Z

DEPTH CONSTRAINED TO: 0 km.

EPICENTER SHIFT: 17.6 km S 22° W



Recording Stations and Signals Received

Figure 1

INTRODUCTION

A long range seismic measurement (LRSM) program and several larger seismographic observatories were established under VELA-UNIFORM to record seismological data resulting from natural seismic activity and a planned series of U.S. underground nuclear tests. The LRSM teams are mobile and occupy locations selected to provide optimum data from events of special interest; the observatories are permanent installations as follows:

Wichita Mountains Seismological Observatory (WMSO)
Lawton, Oklahoma

Uinta Basin Seismological Observatory (UBSO)
Vernal, Utah

Tonto Forest Seismological Observatory (TFSO)
Payson, Arizona

Large Aperture Seismic Array (LASA)
Billings, Montana

The purpose of this report is to provide an analysis of data resulting from the KNICKERBOCKER event recorded by the LRSM teams and the VELA observatories and a preliminary summary of data reported by other permanent and temporary seismographic stations.

INSTRUMENTATION AND PROCEDURE

The instrumentation at each of the LRSM locations consists of three-component short-period and three-component long-period seismographs. In general, data are recorded on 35 millimeter film and on one-inch 14-channel magnetic tape, although recently more portable instrumentation has been incorporated which records only on magnetic tape. The stations are all equipped to record

WWV continuously to provide accurate time control. Calibration is accomplished once each day and just prior to each shot at the operational settings. Pertinent information useful for analysis of LRSM data is available to qualified users of this data and is contained in Technical Report 65-43, "Interpretation and Usage of Seismic Data, LRSM Program." General information on LRSM van and portable system equipment and operation is given in Technical Report 66-27, "The LRSM Mobile Seismological Laboratory," and 65-74, "A Portable Seismograph." Copies of these reports may be obtained from DDC. The AD control number of Technical Report 66-27 is 480343. All the observatories have both long-period and short-period, three-component instrumentation, in addition to their other specialized facilities.

Station information is presented in Table 3. This includes the station name and code; the geographic coordinates; the distances and azimuths involved; the station elevations; and the type of instruments in use at each location. Representative instrumental response curves are shown in Appendix II(B), II(C), and II(D) of the BOURBON shot report, SDL Report No. 186, available from DDC as AD 816273.

The procedures used in measuring amplitudes and the unified magnitude are shown in Appendices II(A) and I(B), respectively, of the BOURBON shot report. The distance factors (B) beyond 16° are from Gutenberg and Richter*. For distance less than 16° values were read from a curve in the Gutenberg and Richter paper

*Gutenberg, B. and Richter, C.F., Magnitude and Energy of Earthquakes, Ann. Geofis., 9 (1956), pp. 1-15.

back to 10° and then extrapolated to 2° , using an inverse cube relationship. An additional magnitude for less than 16° was computed using a method describe by Evernden^{**}. (Figure 3)

A standard hypocenter location program for a digital computer is used to determine the location using data from all stations analyzed. Best-fit values of latitude, longitude, and time of origin are determined statistically by a least-squares technique. This utilizes a Jeffreys-Bullen travel-time curve as modified by Herrin in 1961 on the basis of Pacific surface-focus recordings. Precision of the computation is limited primarily by the accuracy of arrival times, the validity of the standard travel-time curve, and by local velocity deviations. This method is based on P-wave arrivals with depth constrained to zero.

DATA AND RESULTS (LRSM AND VELA OBSERVATORIES)

The parameters of the KNICKERBOCKER event and a summary of the seismic evaluation is shown on the Event Description page. The operational status of the 16 LRSM stations and observatories is given in Table 1, and illustrated in Figure 1.

Table 2 summarizes the measurements made of the principal phases from the KNICKERBOCKER event at the LRSM and VELA stations. Included are the Pn and P arrival times, the maximum amplitudes (A/T) of the Pn and P motion and other phases as seen on the short-period instruments. Long-period Love and Rayleigh wave

^{**}Evernden, J.F., Magnitude Determination at Regional and Near Regional Distances in the United States, AFTAC/VELA Seismological Center Technical Report VU-65-4A, (1965), pp.6,13.

motion are also tabulated in (A/T) form. In addition, the individual station Rayleigh wave areas (mm^2) are indicated as measured on the LPZ only. Although reduced to 1K magnification, they have not been normalized to any magnitude. Sixteen stations recorded short-period and long-period signals.

The unified magnitudes determined from the LRSM and VELA observatories are shown in Figure 2. The average magnitude is 5.54 ± 0.42 . The adjusted unified magnitude is 5.23 ± 0.40 .

The travel-time residuals from the Pn and P phases are shown in Figure 4. Figures 5 through 9 illustrate plots of the amplitudes of P, Pg, Lg, LQ, and LR.

Attached to the report are illustrative seismograms showing the signals recorded at four stations. The most distant station analyzed that recorded KNICKERBOCKER was NP-NT at a distance of 4350 kilometers.

Code	Station	Distance (km)	Inst.	Magni- fication (x)	Phase	Travel Time				Period T (sec)	Maximum Amplitude A/I	Magi- tude (m)		Area (mm ²) LPZ	
						Observed		Computed							
						(min)	(sec)	(min)	(sec)			mb	ms		
NR-NV	Nive, Nevada	167	SPZ	0.68	Pn	00	53.4	00	32.34	0.46	4262	6.69	6.26	1063.64	
			SPZ		Pg	00	34.2			---	---				
			SPT	0.738	Lg					0.6	8326				
			LPZ	1.1	LR					14.0	3720				
KN-UT	Kaneb, Utah	326	SPZ	2.11	Pn	00	49.6	00	48.88	0.65	1450	5.82	5.51	510.00	
			SPZ	1.76*	Pg	00	56.8			6.6	7179				
			SP1	2.112	Lg					0.6	4527				
			LPT	2.66	LQ					12.0	1074				
TF50	Tatum Parast Seismological Observatory, Arizona	574	SPZ-60	10.0	Pn	01	21.6	01	20.68	0.3	143	5.56	5.22	237.14	
			SPZ-60	5.6	a	01	25.6			0.6	112				
			SPZ-60	5.5	Pg	01	26.8			0.55	646				
			SPN	6.0	Lg					(1.0)	(050)				
MO-ID	Mouetale Home, Idaho	647	SPE	5.5	Lg					1.0	773			231.94	
			LPM	2.5	LQ					(13.0)	(177)				
			LPE	2.0	LQ					(11.0)	(185)				
			LPZ		LR					---	---				
UB50	Utata Basin Seismological Observatory, Utah	691	SPZ-10	4.8	Pn	01	38.4	01	37.37	0.8	450	6.26	5.72	212.21	
			SPZ-10	4.8	a	01	50.9			0.7	765				
			SPZ-10	4.8	Pg	01	56.0			0.6	1066				
			SPN	5.0	Lg					0.0	817				
BM50	Blue Mountains Seismological Observatory, Oregon	847	SPE	5.0	Lg					0.8	1249			436.91	
			LPM	2.0	LQ					16.0	373				
			LPE	2.13	LQ					15.0	216				
			LPZ	1.94	LR					12.5	678				
FK-CO	Franktown, Colorado	1081	SPZ	760*	Pn	01	57.0	01	55.06	---	---			217.85	
			SPN		LQ					---	---				
			SPE		LQ					---	---				
			LPE	0.6	LQ					(12.0)	(1604)				
LAO	Subarray, AO-10, Montana	1348	LPZ	8.6	LR					15.0	230			315.79	
			SPZ	61.0	Pn	02	(25.4)	02	24.30	0.8	76.0	6.15	4.67		
			SPZ	61.0	a	02	27.3			0.6	56.8				
			SPZ	61.0	PP	02	34.5			0.0	61.3				
WR50	Wichita Mountains Seismological Observatory, Oklahoma	1635	SPZ	61.0	Pg	03	01.0			(1.0)	(686)			217.85	
			SP1	46.9	Lg					1.8	1075				
			LP1		LQ					---	---				
			LPZ	1.31	LR					11.0	2266				
PB-BC	Prince George, British Columbia, Canada	1620	SPZ	42.9	Pn	02	(56.6)	02	66.66	1.0	40.8	5.40	4.60	137.94	
			SPZ	42.9	a	03	10.6			1.2	156				
			SPZ	42.6	(Pg)	03	44.6			0.75	68.6				
			LPM	--	LQ					14.0					
RE-ON	466 Lake, Ontario, Canada	2355	LPE	--	LQ					(14.0)				137.94	
			LPZ	--	LR					16.0					
			SPZ	130	P	03	(33.0)	03	31.21	1.2	86.6	5.35	5.06		
			SPZ-6	130	Pg	04	37.8			1.2	108				
CP60	Cumberland Plateau Seismological Observatory, Tennessee	2766	SPN	130	Lg					2.1	430			217.85	
			SPE	125	Lg					1.8	65.5				
			LPM	11.9	LQ					19.0	50.6				
			LPZ	1.9	LR					16.0	536				
WMZYK	Whitashore, Yukon Territory, Canada	2917	SPZ	206	P	04	(05.8)	04	03.68	1.2	253	5.30		436.91	
			SPZ	209	PP	04	21.6			1.0	103				
			SPN	198	Lg					2.3	101				
			SP1	271	Lg					2.3	85.4				
SV308	Schefferville, Quebec, Canada	4204	LPM	52.5	LQ					7.5	150			160.00	
			LP1	57.5	LQ					(7.5)	(200)				
			LPZ	7.0	LR					10.5	268				
			SPZ	41.3	P	04	48.0	04	49.14	(1.0)	(68.1)	(5.11)			
RP-CT	Herald Bay, Northwest Territories, Canada	4350	SPZ	41.3	a	04	52.4			(1.0)	(182)			271.89	
			SPT	48.8	Lg					(1.5)	(38.7)				
			LPT	51.0	LQ					(15.0)	(82.0)				
			LPZ	9.86	LR					(13.0)	(204)				
NR-NE	Noulton, Maine	4091	SPZ	---	P	05	25.0	05	25.56	---	---			271.85	
			LPR	4.0	LQ					15.0	108				
			LPE	2.6	LQ					14.0	20.6				
			LPZ		LR					---	---				
NR-NE	Noulton, Maine	4091	SPZ	176	P	06	25.9	06	32.17	1.0	(16.6)	(5.71)		436.91	
			SPZ	176	a	06	41.4			0.75	17.0				
			SPT	179	a	05	54.6			1.0	14.0				
			SP1	179	a	06	01.6			0.6	14.1				
NR-NE	Noulton, Maine	4091	LPT	17.8	Lg	10	16.0			(16.0)	(15.1)			436.91	
			SPT	166	Lg					(1.8)	(18.2)				
			LPT	17.8	LQ					(16.0)	(157)				
			LPZ	10.4	LR					16.0	272				
SV308	Schefferville, Quebec, Canada	4204	SPZ	103.2	P	07	(18.8)	07	19.62	1.0	43.6	6.14		344.69	
			SPN	105.8	Lg					(2.1)	(56.0)				
			SP1	103	Lg					(2.1)	(38.0)				
			LPM	30.4	LQ					(15.0)	(18.5)				
NR-NE	Noulton, Maine	4091	LP1	34.4	LQ					(16.0)	(12.5)			271.85	
			LPZ	17.6	LR					14.0	74.8				
			SPZ	336	P	07	31.2	07	30.36	(0.6)	(50.8)	(6.11)			
			SPZ	336	a	07	(35.0)			(0.6)	(27.6)				
NR-NE	Noulton, Maine	4091	SPZ	336	a	07	49.2			(0.6)	(20.6)			271.85	
			SPZ	336	PP	08	59.8			1.4	28.6				
			SPZ	374	PgP	09	(42.5)			8.8	6.9				
			SPT	553	Lg					2.8	73.0				
NR-NE	Noulton, Maine	4091	LPT	18.8	LQ					18.0	78.6			271.85	
			LPZ	10.7	LR					18.0	88.8				

--- Maximum Amplitude: Clipped On Film and Tape
 [] Doubtful Values or Phases
 * Measurements Made From Playbacks
 ** Magnification Questionable
 *** Film Not Received, No Calibration on Tape

Principal Phases
 Table 2

Code	Station	Distance (km)	Geographic Latitude	Geographic Longitude	Elev. (km)	Computed Azimuth		Installed Azimuth		Large or Small SP	LP Inst.
						Epi. Sta.	Sta. Epi.	Radial	Tang.		
MN-NV	Nevada	197	38° 26' 10" N	118° 08' 51" W	1.52	312°	131°	308°	38°	L	*
KN-UT	Kanab, Utah	326	37° 01' 22" N	112° 49' 39" W	1.74	93°	276°	95°	185°	L	*
*TFSO	Tonto Forest Seismological Observatory, Arizona	574	34° 17' 12" N	111° 16' 03" W	1.49	123°	306°	90°	0°	JM	*
MO-ID	Mountain Home, Idaho	647	43° 04' 19" N	116° 15' 56" W	0.79	2°	182°	359°	89°	L	*
*UBSO	Uinta Basin Seismological Observatory, Utah	691	40° 19' 18" N	109° 34' 07" W	1.60	58°	243°	90°	0°	JM	*
*BMSO	Blue Mountains Seismological Observatory, Oregon	847	44° 50' 56" N	117° 18' 20" W	1.19	356°	175°	0°	90°	JM	*
FK-CO	Franktown, Colorado	1081	39° 35' 12" N	104° 27' 42" W	1.80	72°	260°	79°	169°	L	*
*LAO	Subarray AD-10, Montana	1348	46° 41' 19" N	106° 13' 20" W	0.90	36°	223°	90°	0°	HSZ	*
*WMSO	Wichita Mountains Seismological Observatory, Oklahoma	1635	34° 43' 05" N	98° 35' 21" W	0.51	95°	285°	90°	0°	JM	*
*PG-BC	Prince George, British Columbia, Canada	1920	53° 59' 50" N	122° 31' 23" W	0.91	349°	164°	110°	200°	L	*
RK-ON	Red Lake, Ontario, Canada	2355	50° 50' 20" N	93° 40' 20" W	0.37	42°	239°	58°	148°	S	*
*CPSO	Cumberland Plateau Seismological Observatory, Tennessee	2766	35° 35' 41" N	85° 34' 13" W	0.57	84°	283°	90°	0°	JM	*
WH2YK	Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, Canada	2917	60° 41' 41" N	134° 58' 02" W	0.85	339°	145°	325°	55°	L	*
HN-ME	Houlton, Maine	4091	46° 09' 43" N	67° 59' 09" W	0.21	60°	274°	93°	183°	S	*
*SV3QB	Schefferville, Quebec, Canada	4204	54° 48' 39" N	66° 45' 00" W	0.58	46°	263°	139°	229°	S	*
NP-NT	Mould Bay, Northwest Territories, Canada	4350	76° 15' 08" N	119° 22' 18" W	0.06	359°	176°	356°	86°	JMZ S	*

*Seismometers not orientated toward NTS.

Recording Site Information
Table 3

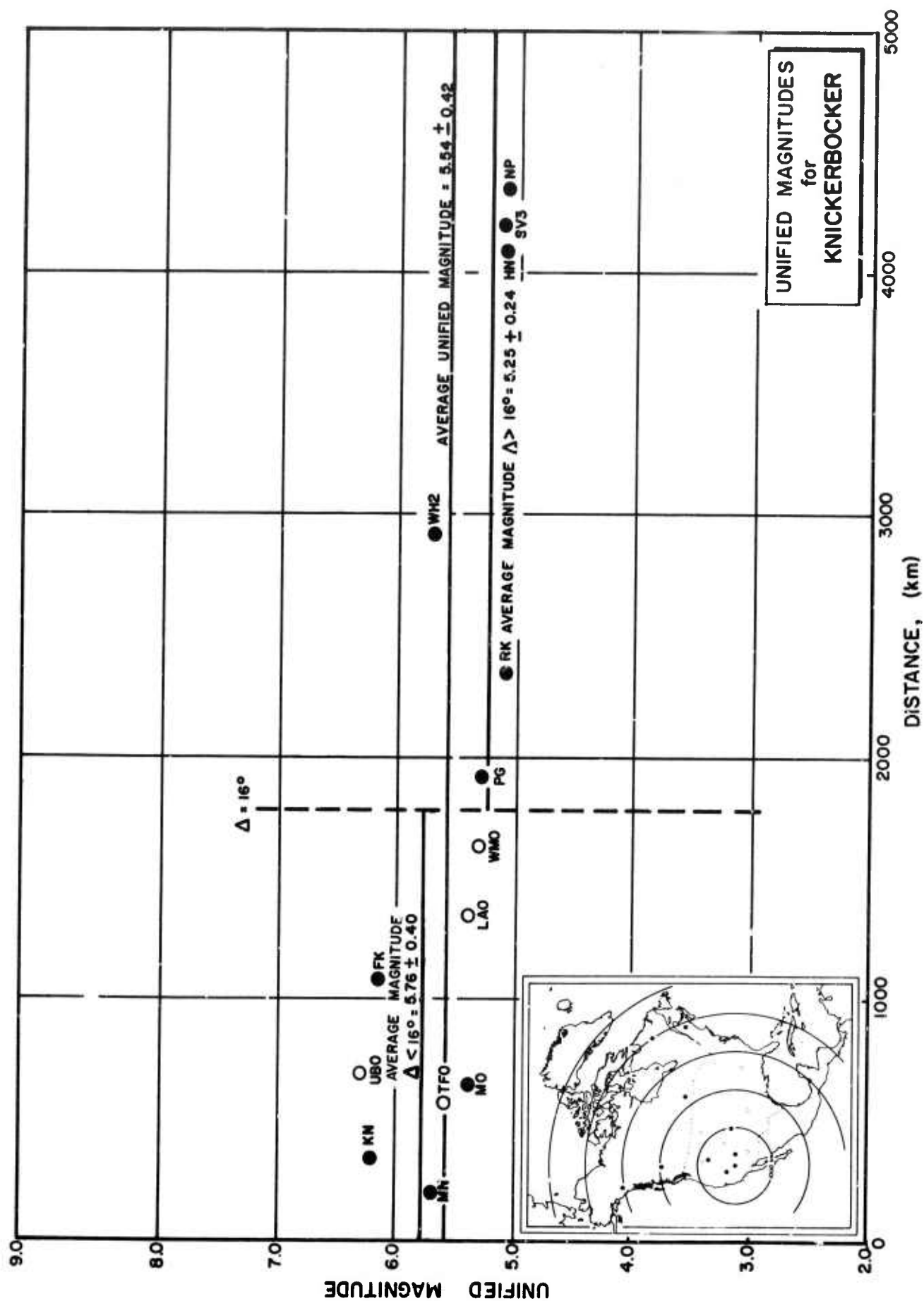


Figure 2

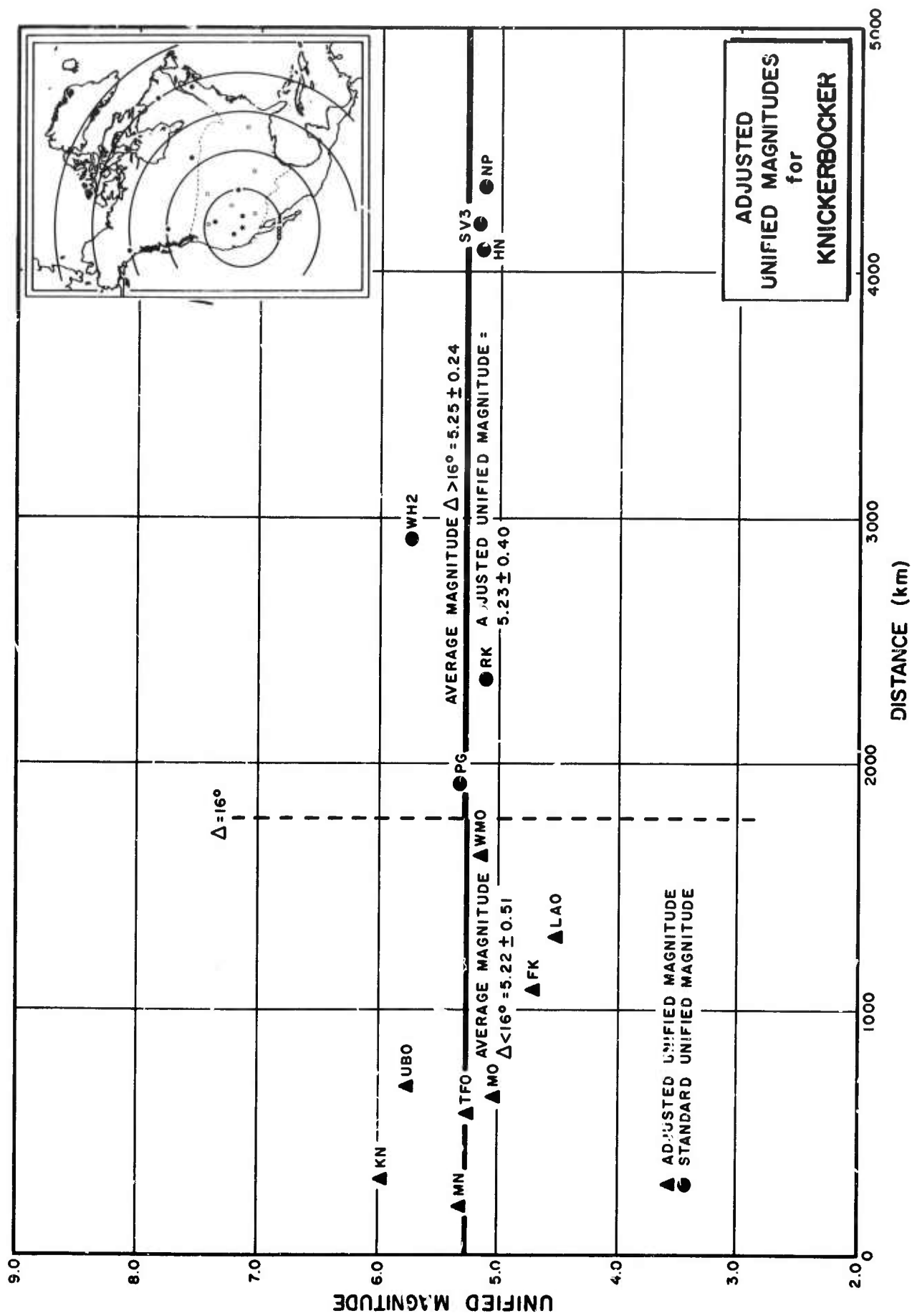


Figure 3

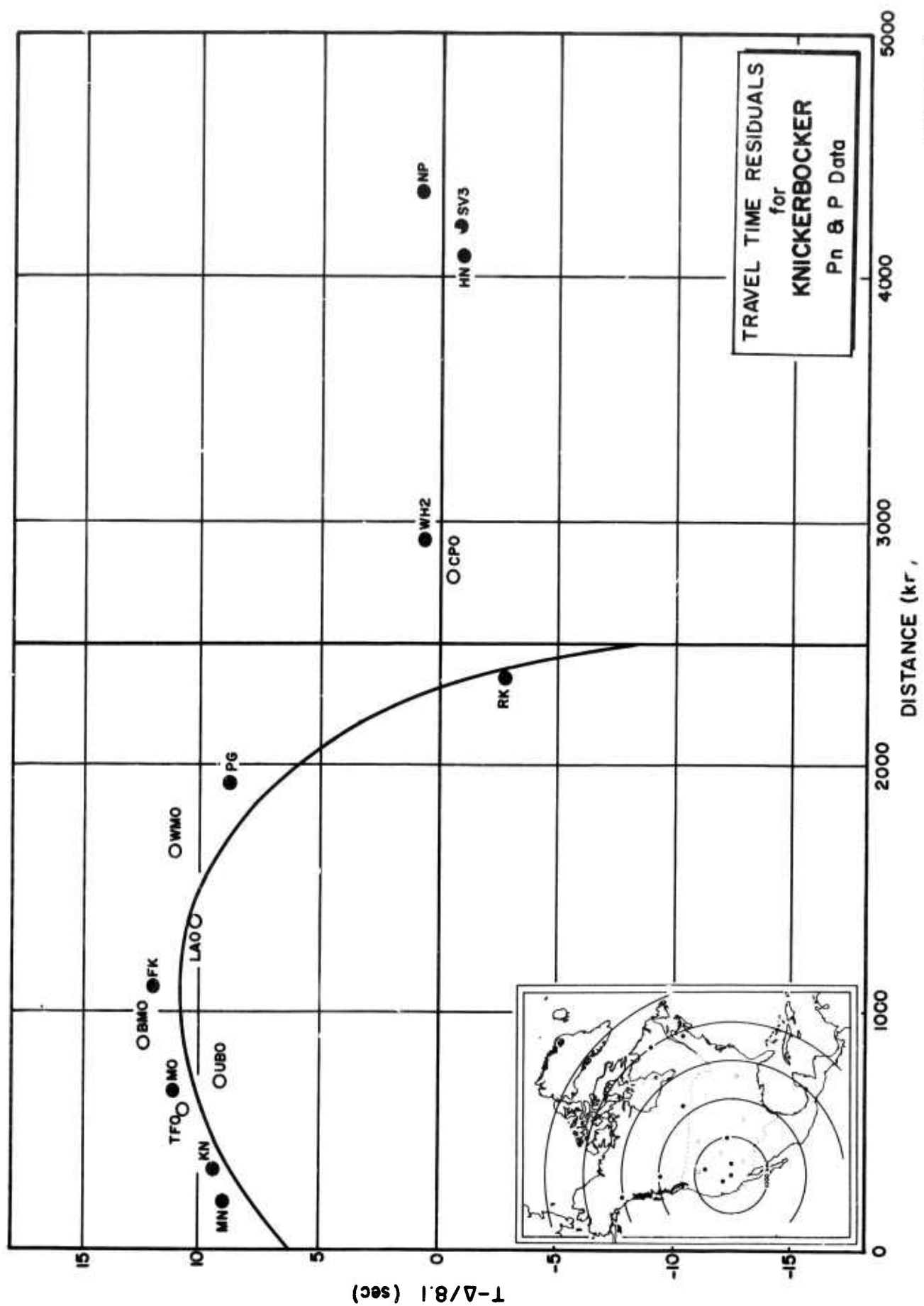


Figure 4

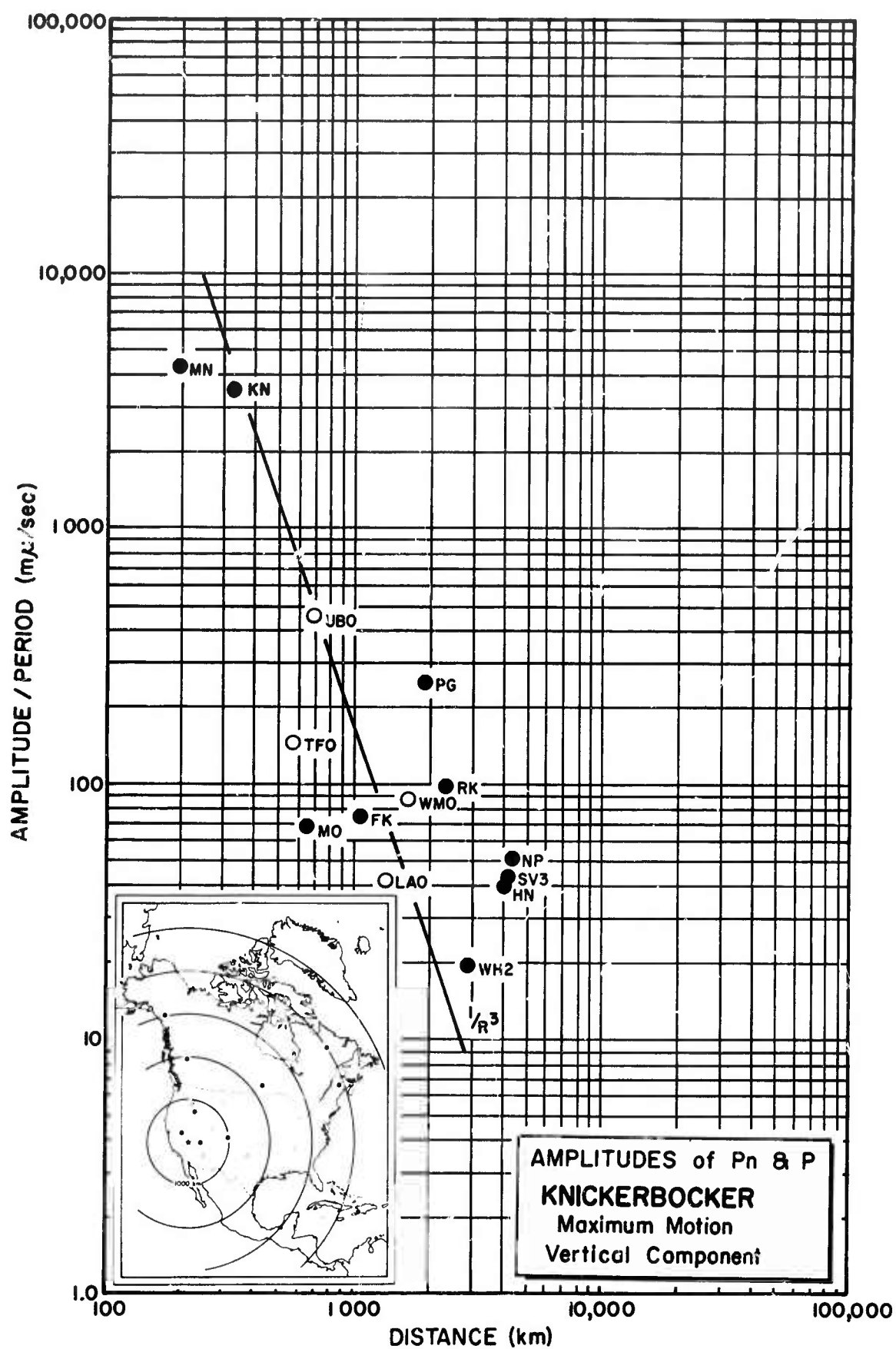


Figure 5

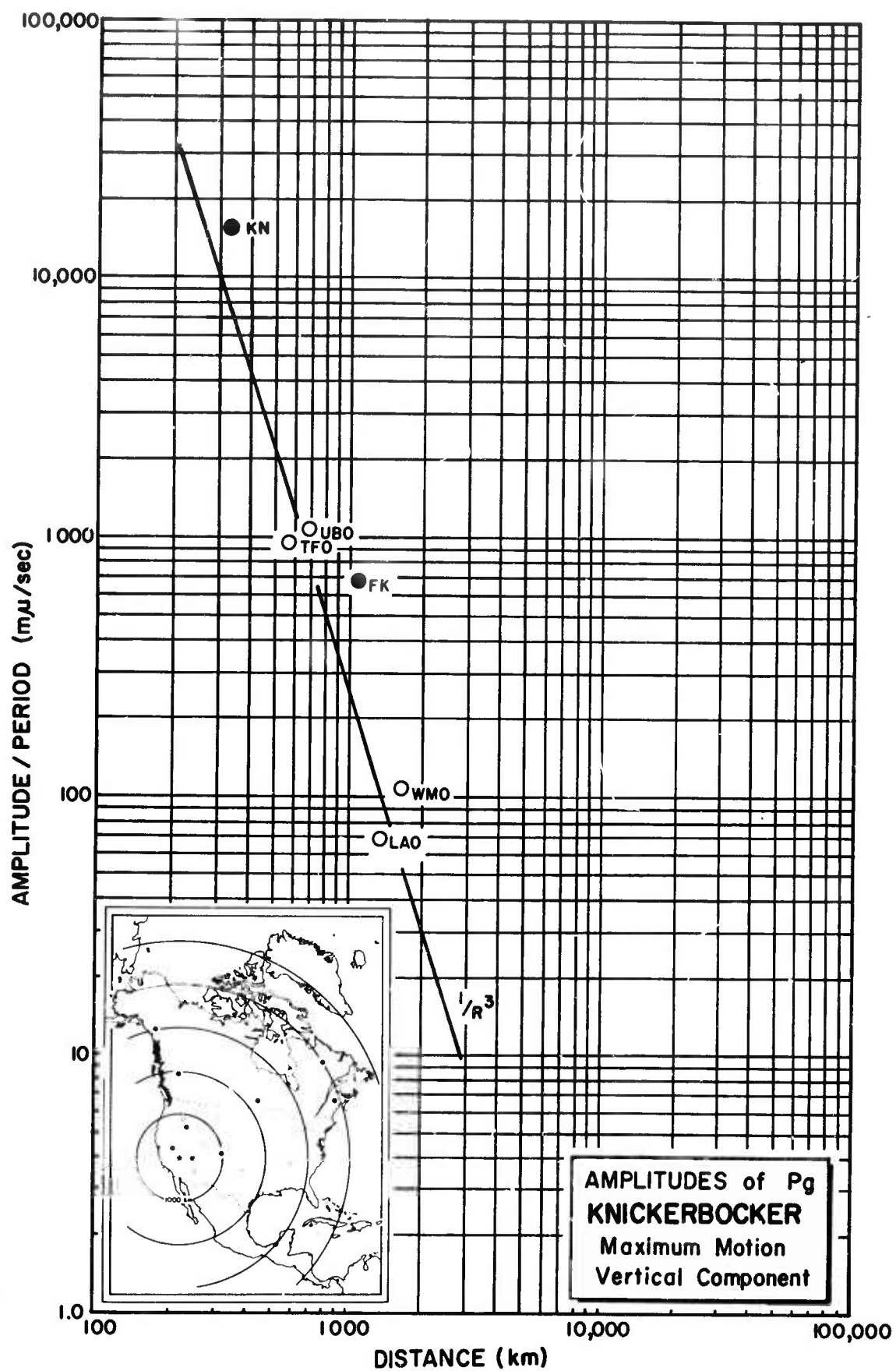


Figure 6

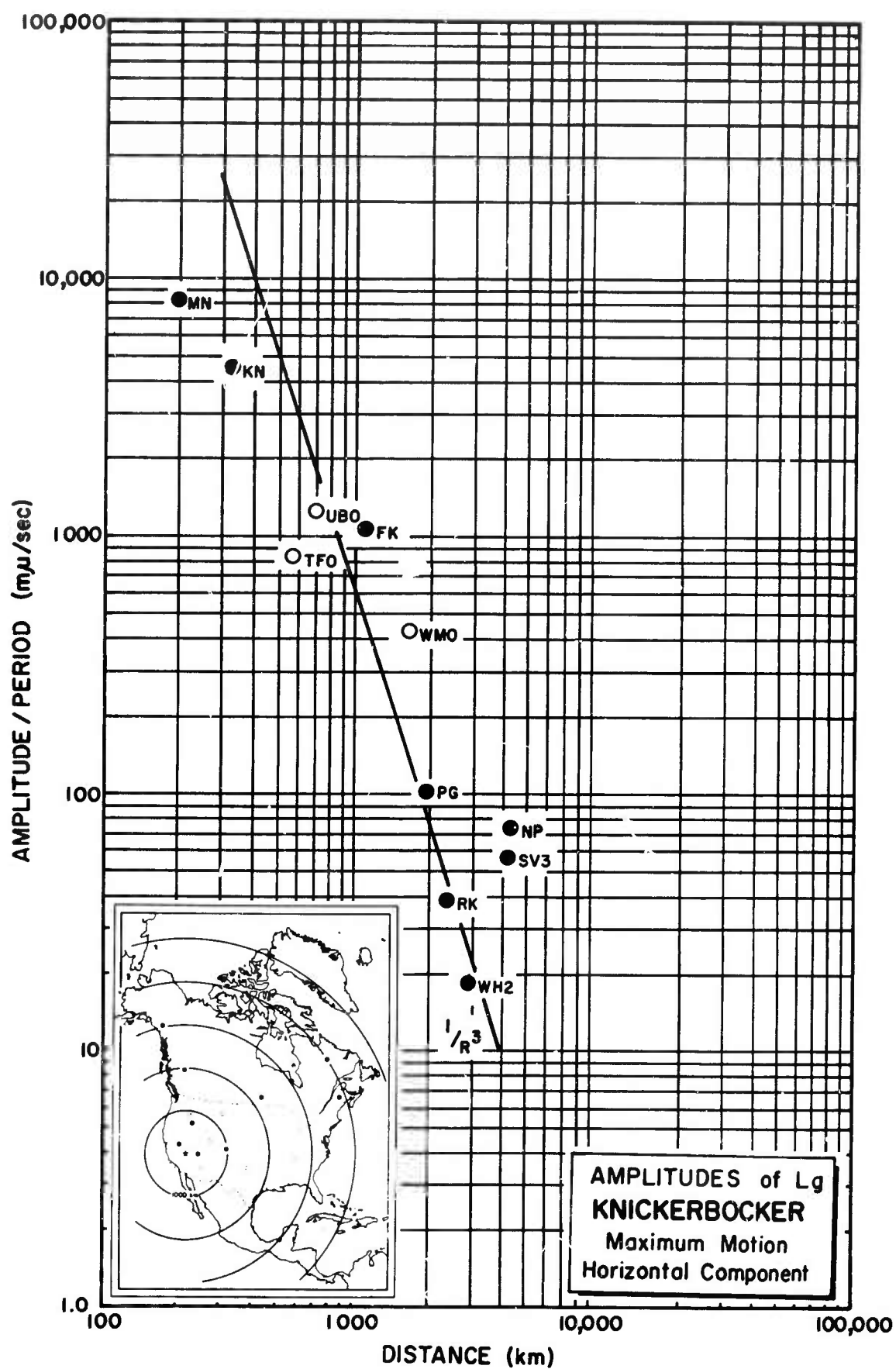


Figure 7

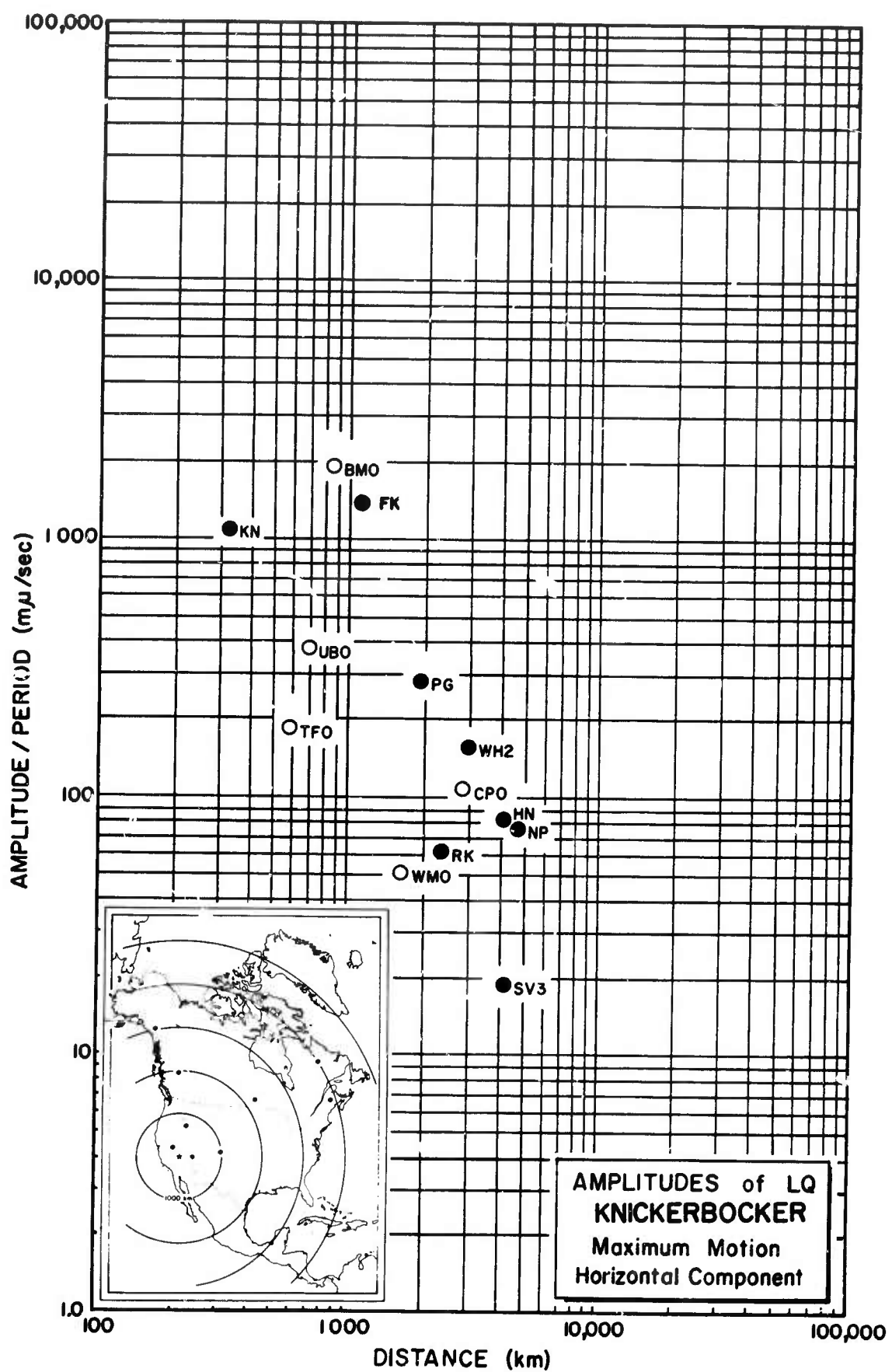


Figure 8

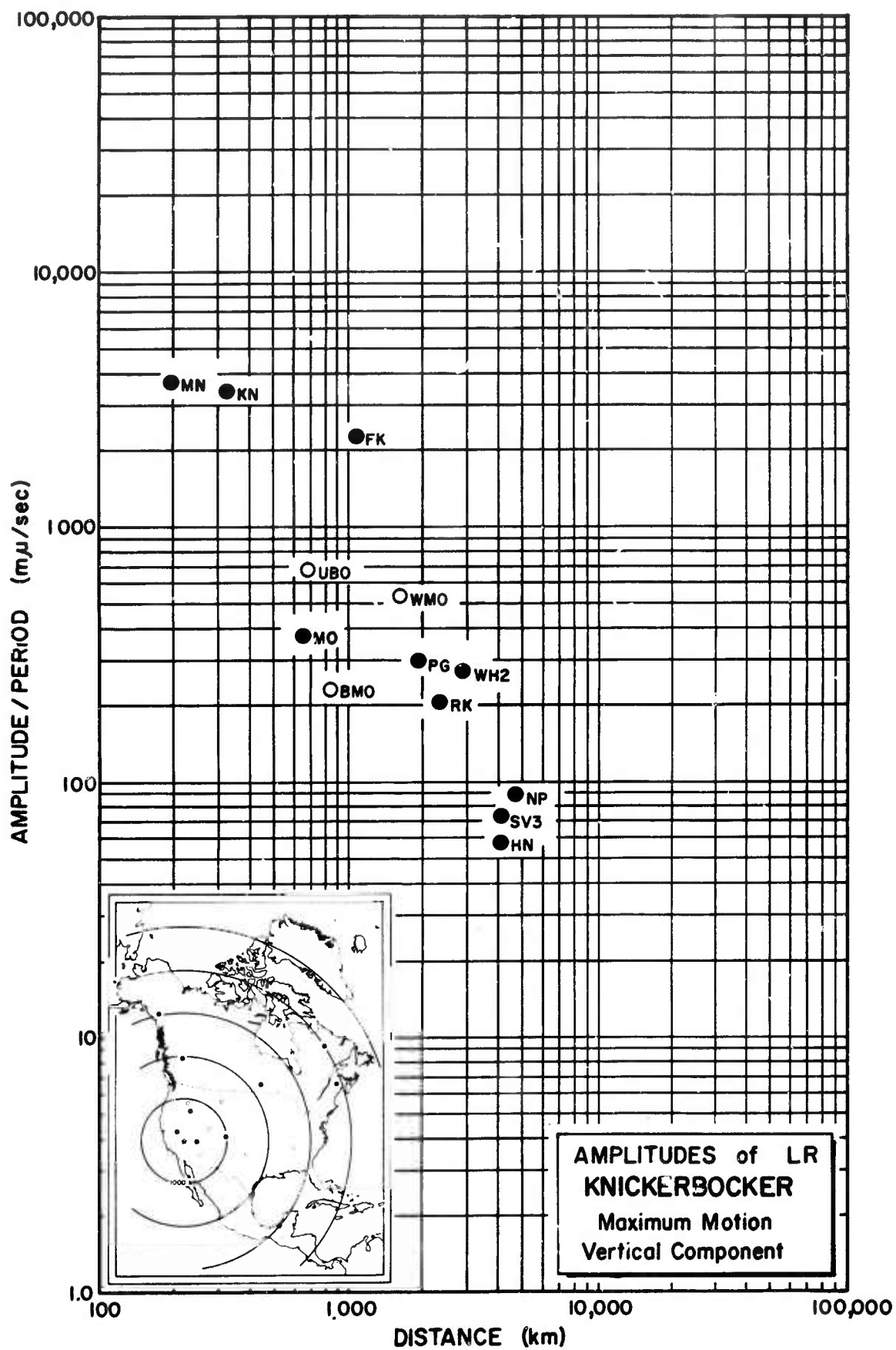


Figure 9


KNICKERBOCKER


NP-NT


MOULD BAY, NORTHWEST
TERRITORY, CANADA


26 MAY 1967


$\Delta = 4350$ km

SPZ-HI  15:06:40.0 Z
303 K

356°
SPR-HI 
333 K

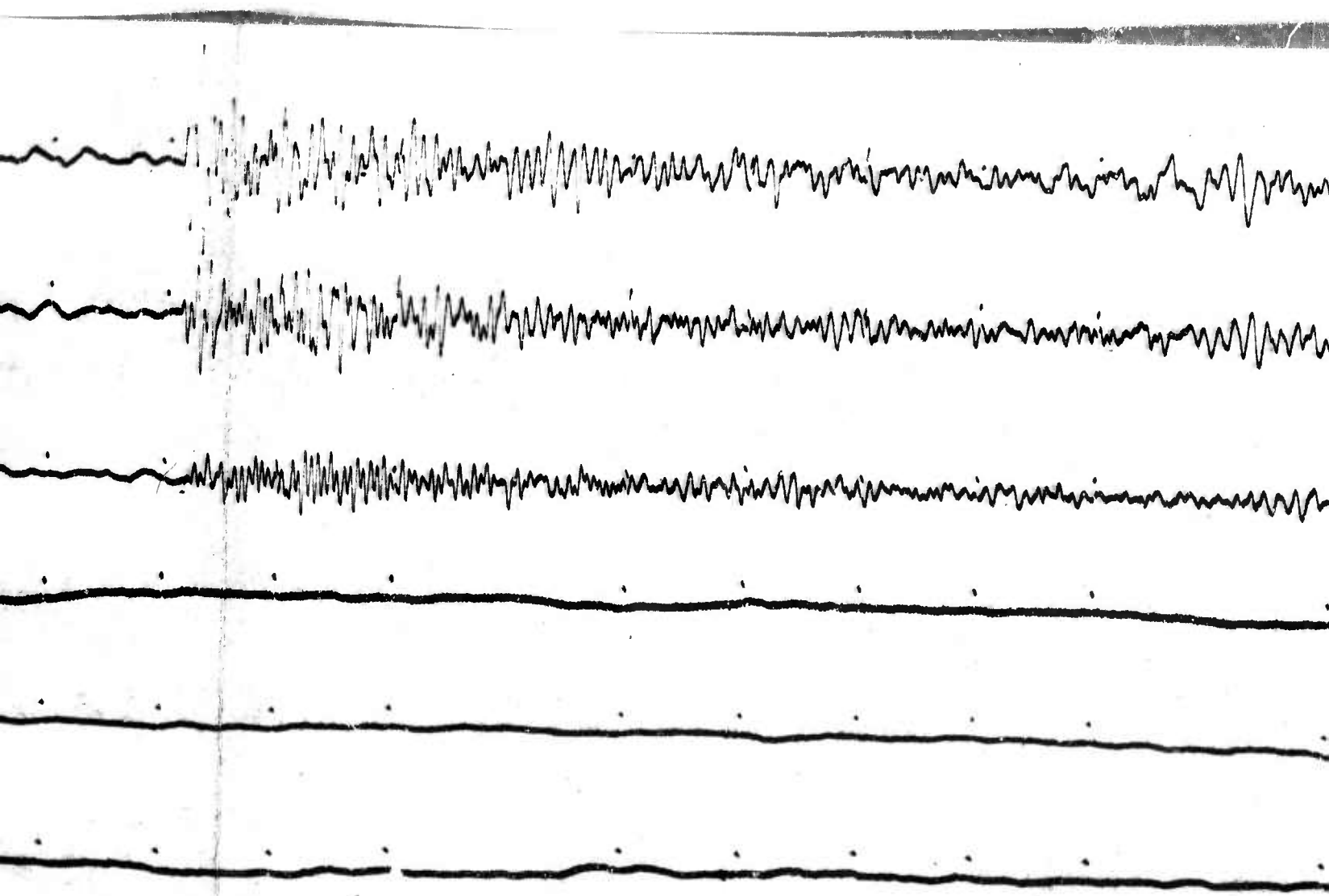
86°
SPT-HI 
315 K

UP
LPZ-HI 
10.9 K

356°
LPR-HI 
10.9 K

86°
LPT-HI 
10.6 K

A



B

Handwritten scribbled line of text.

Handwritten scribbled line of text.

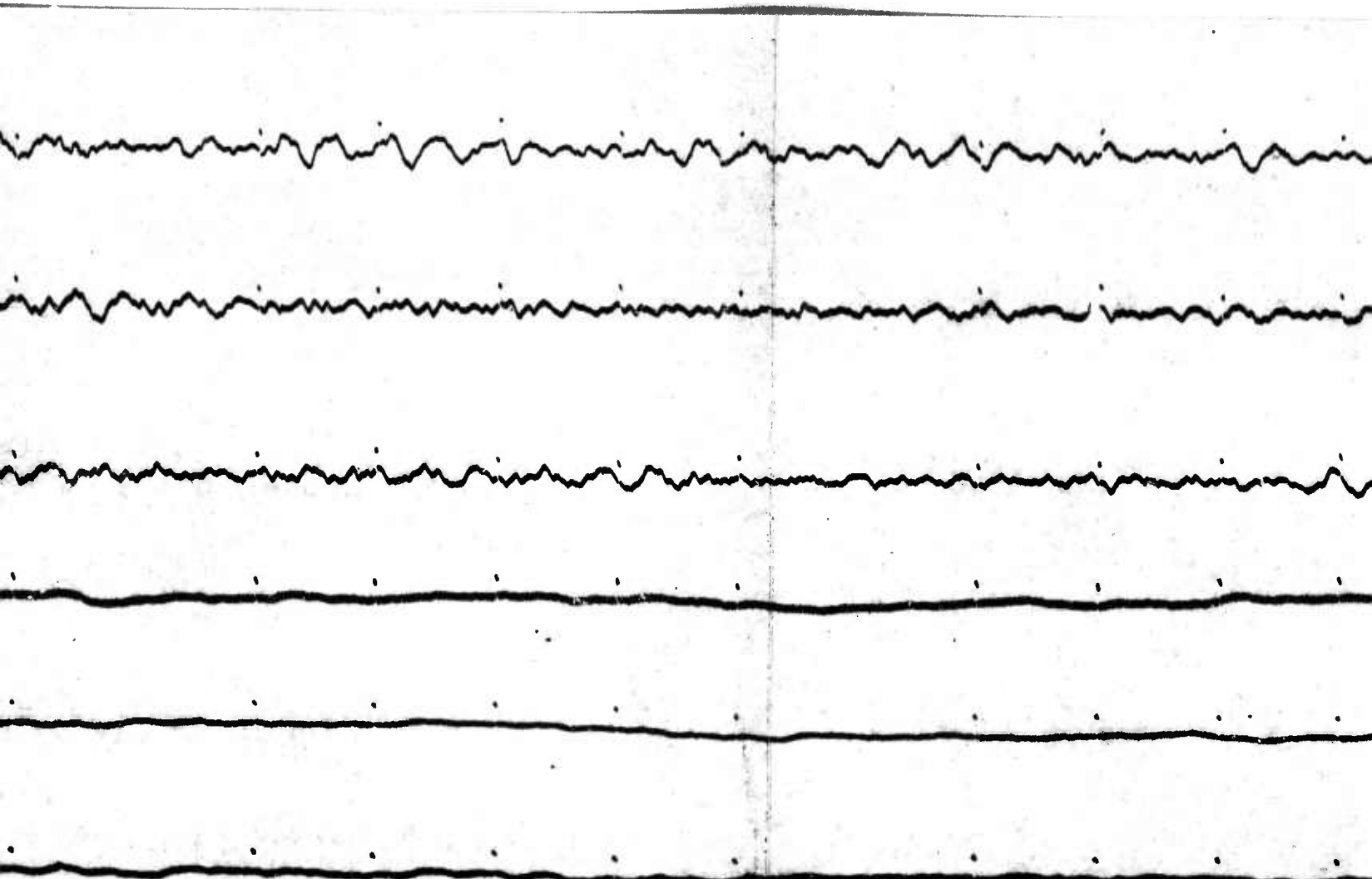
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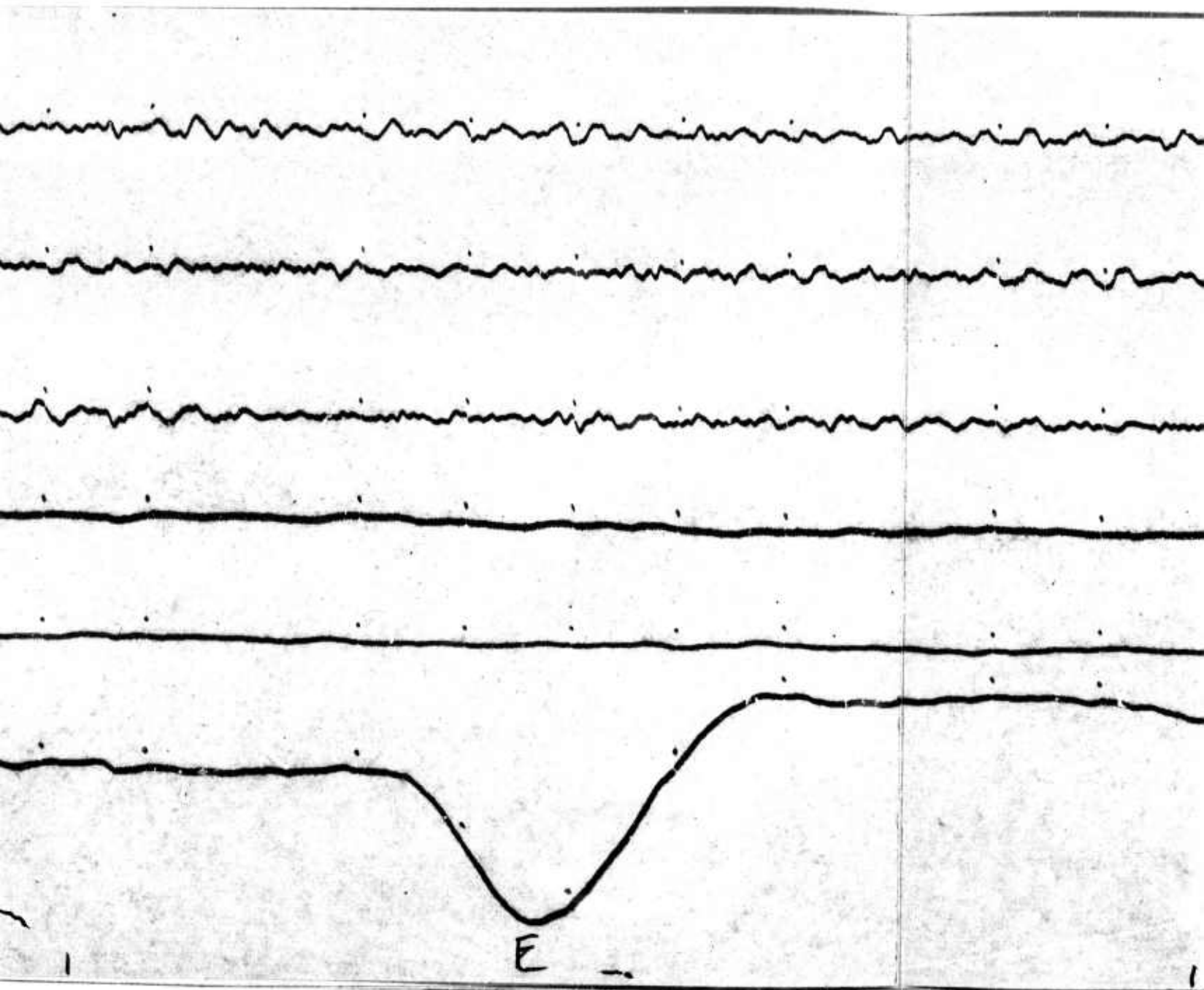
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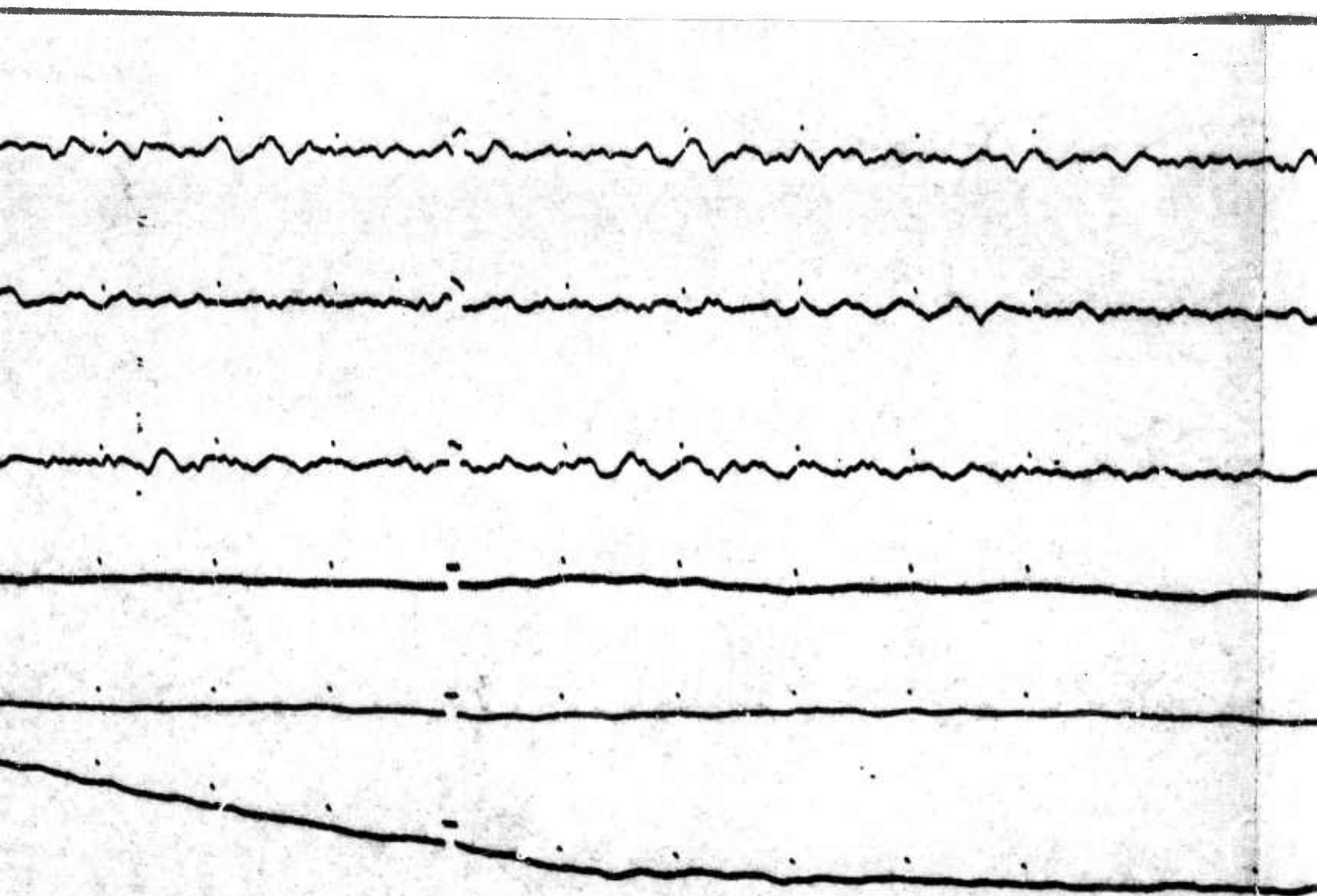
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C

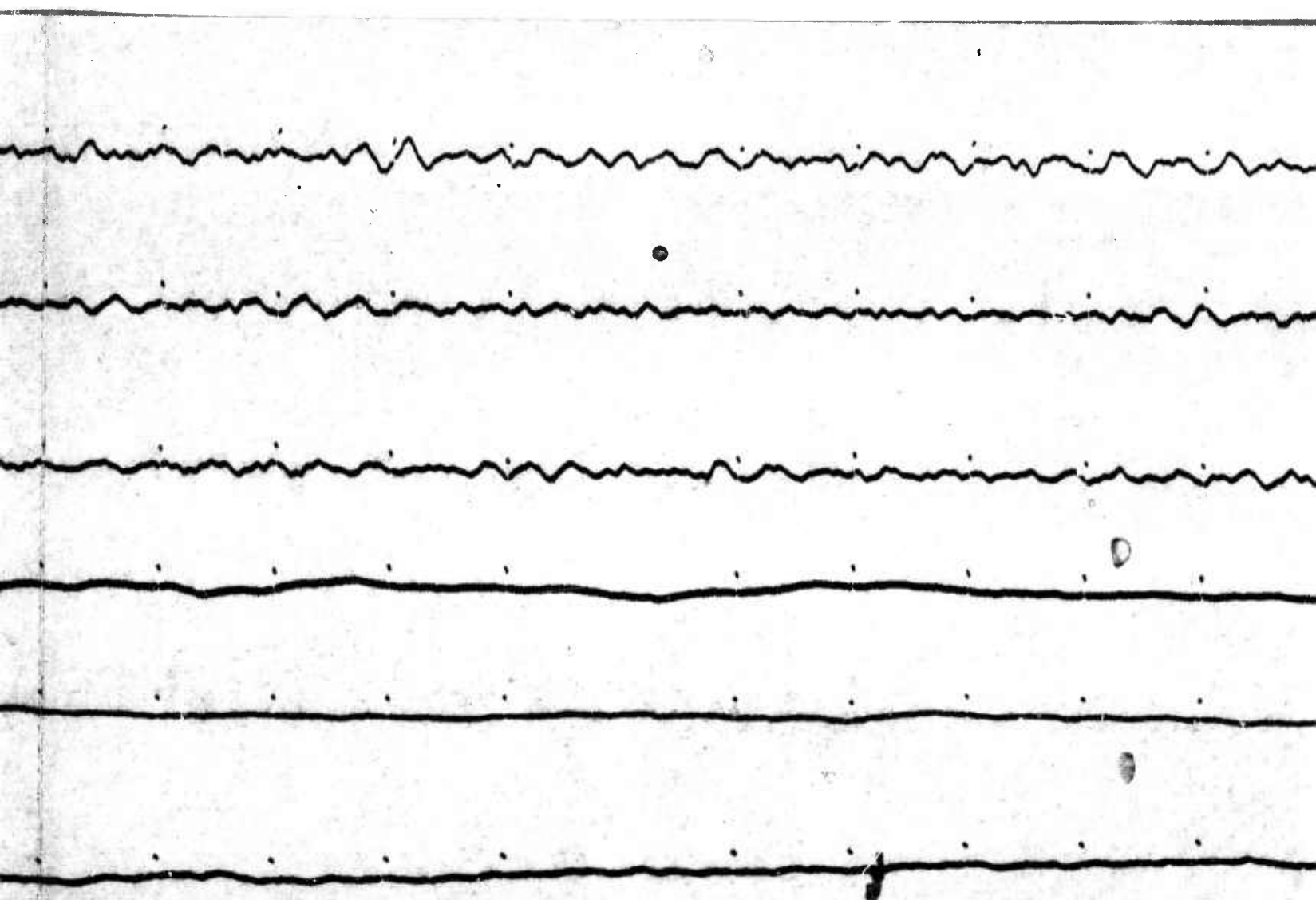


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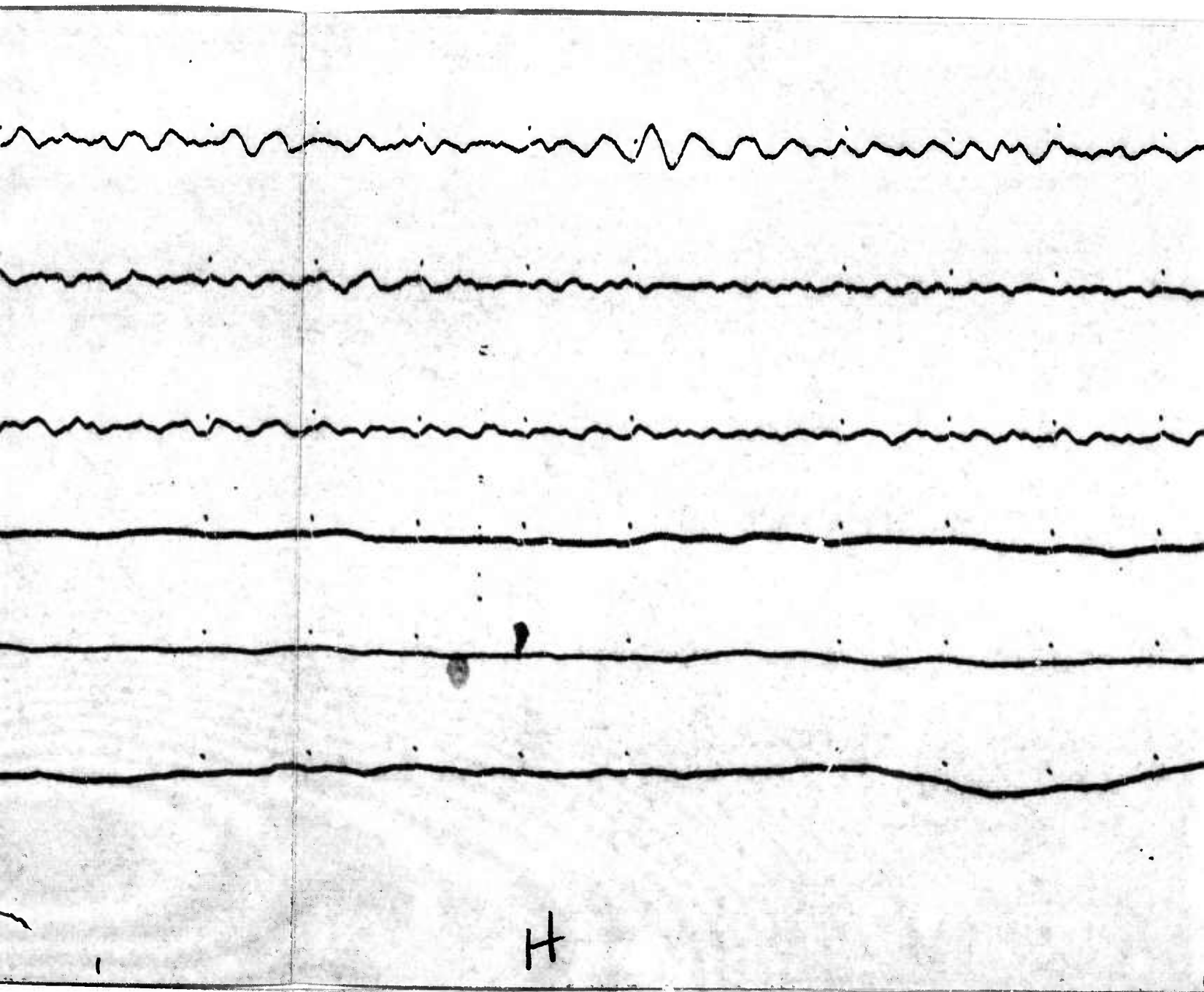


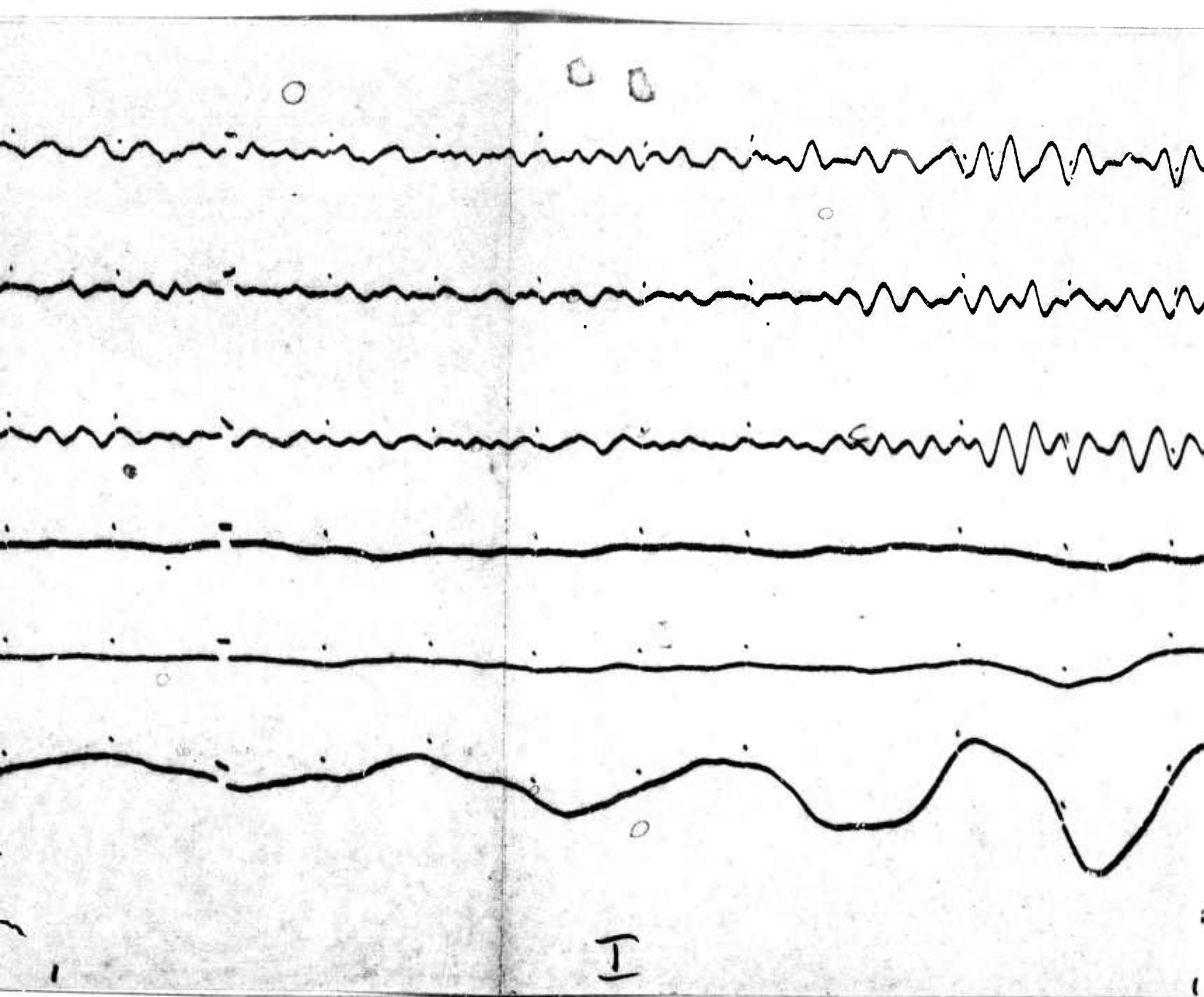


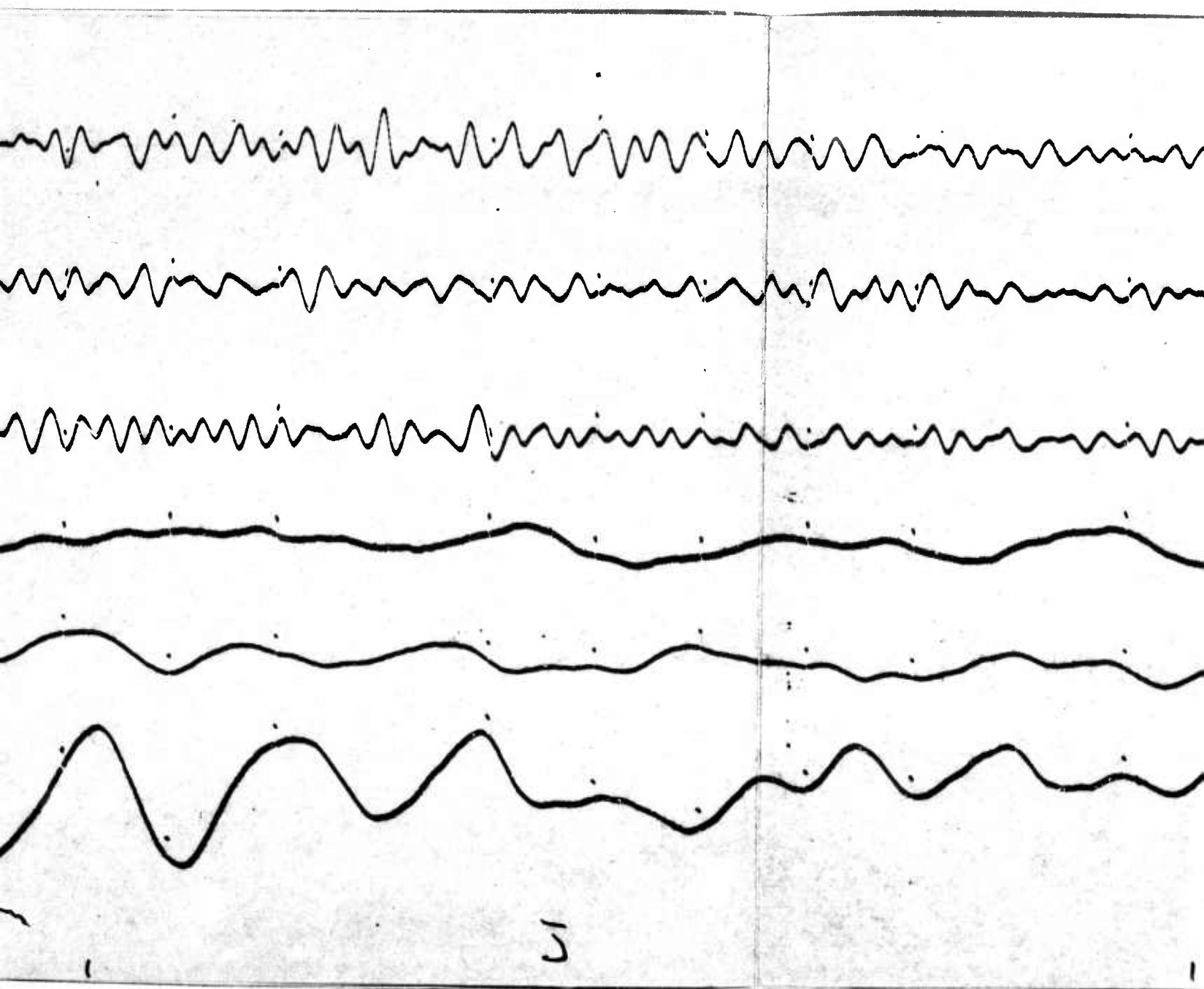
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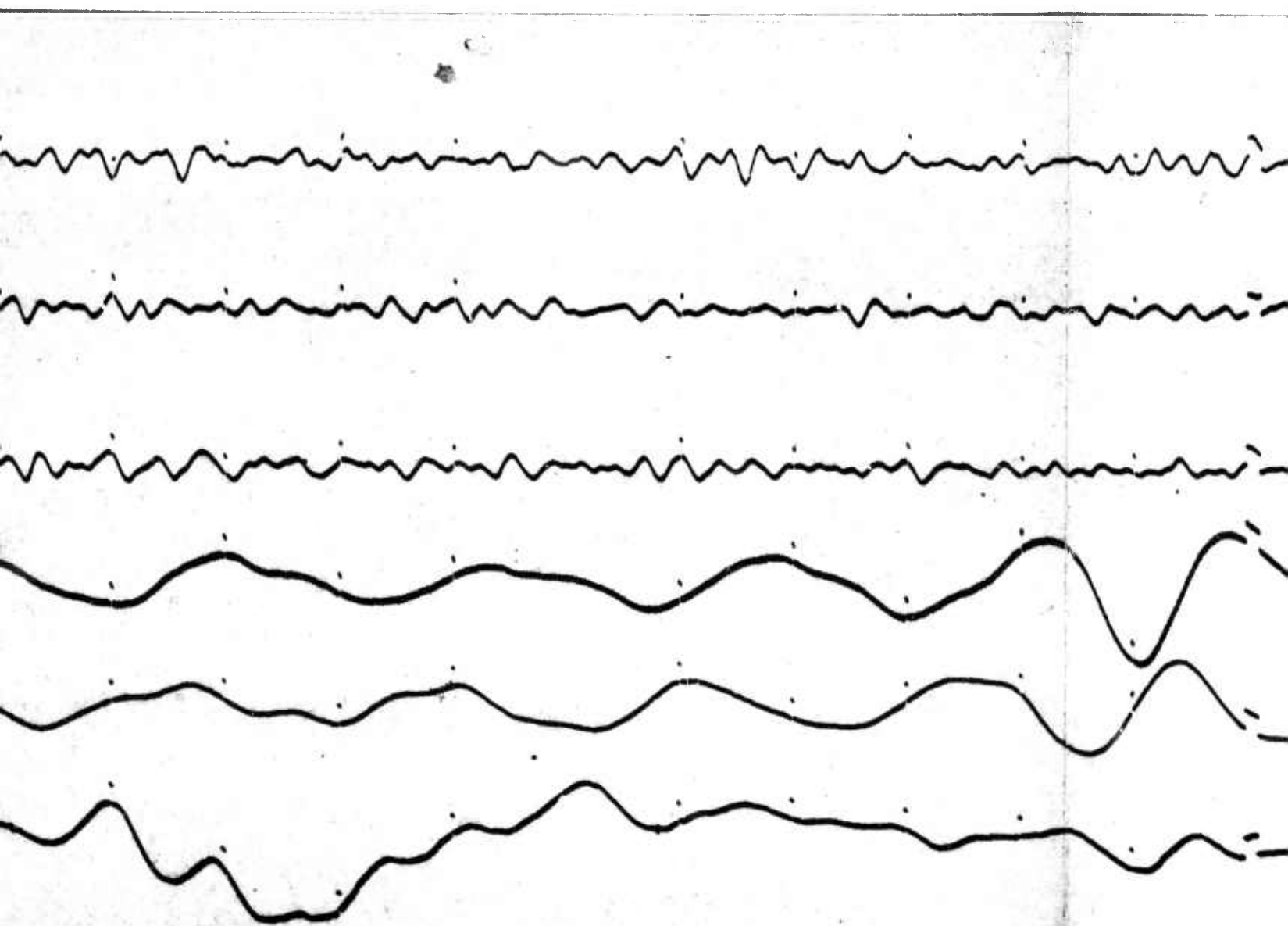


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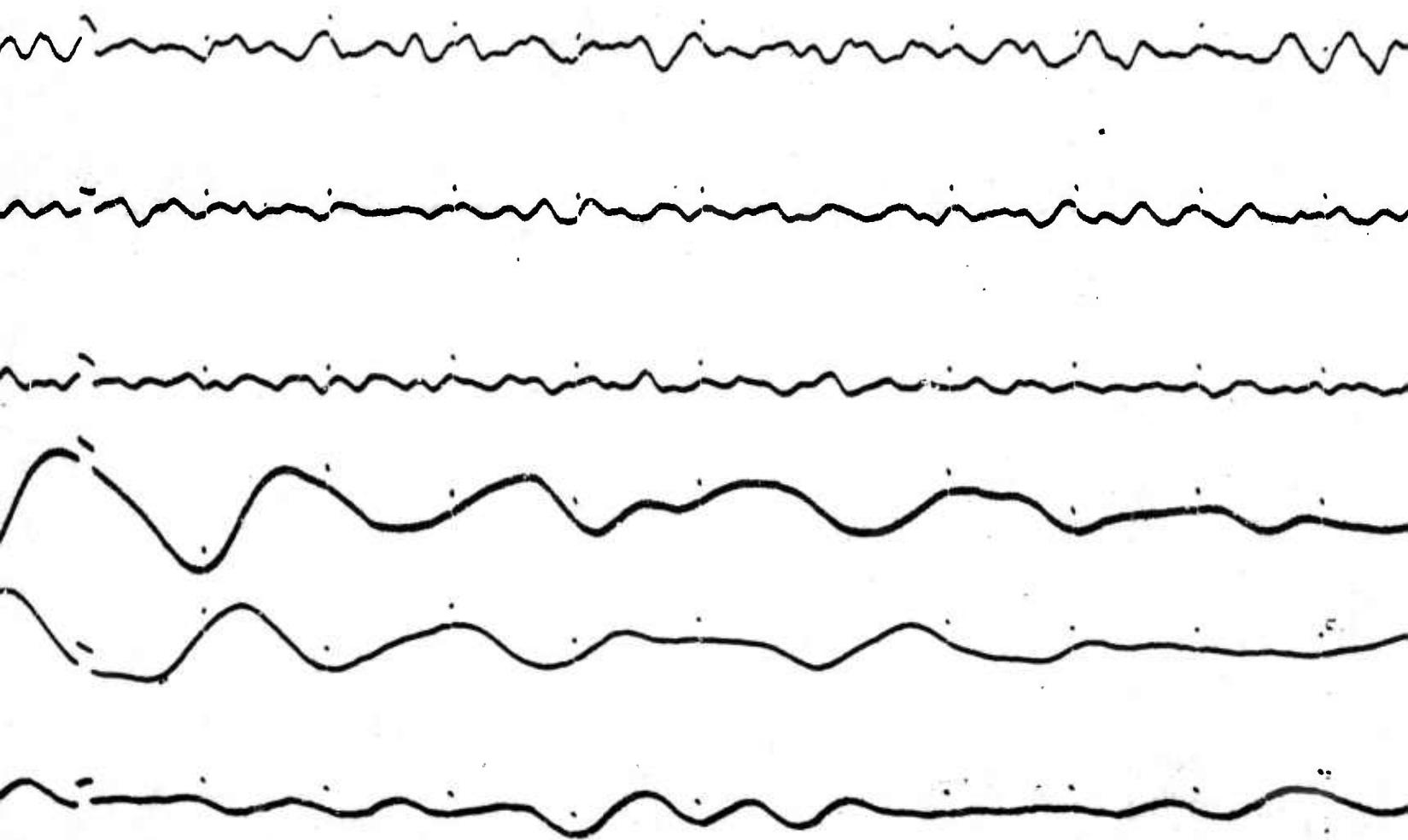




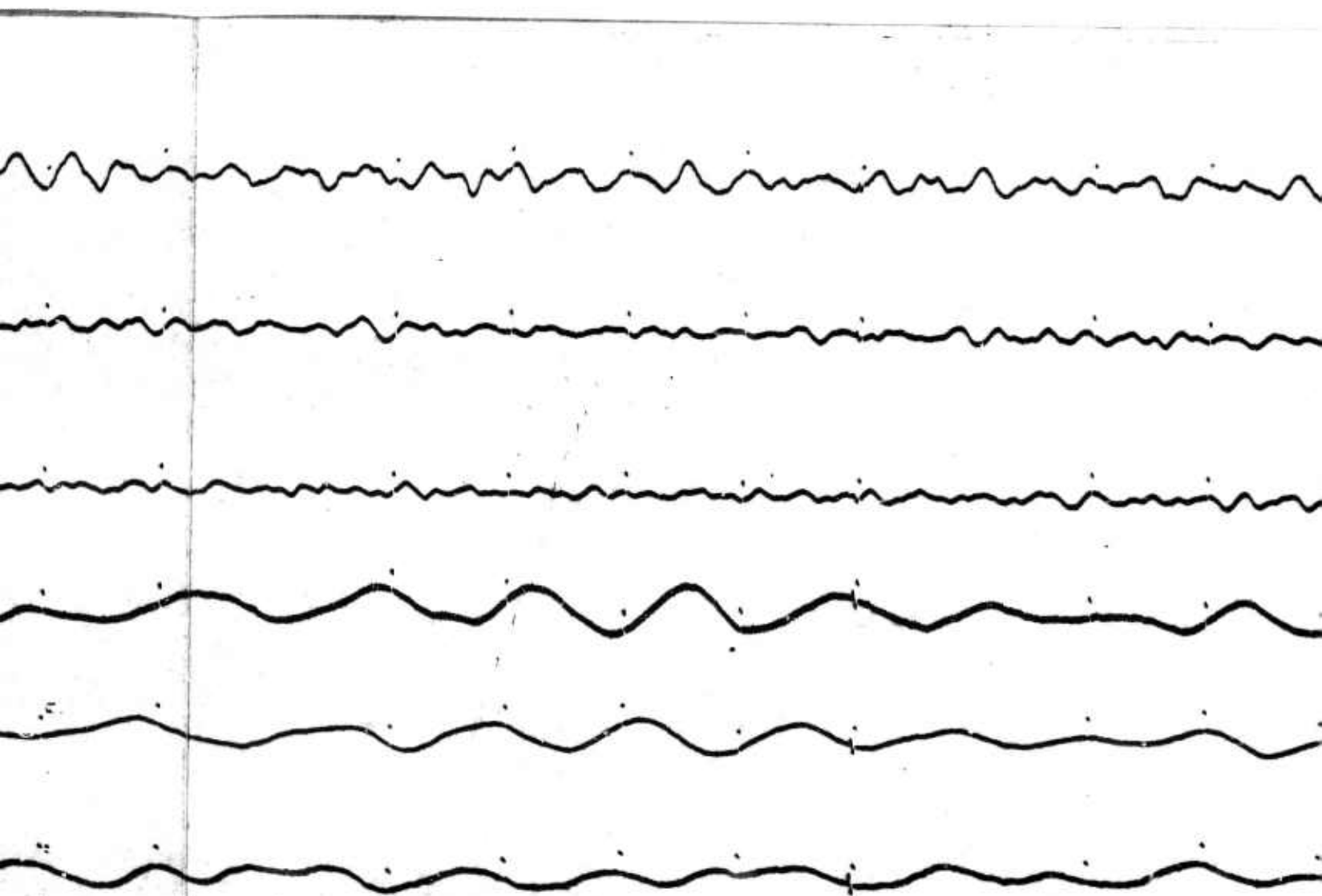




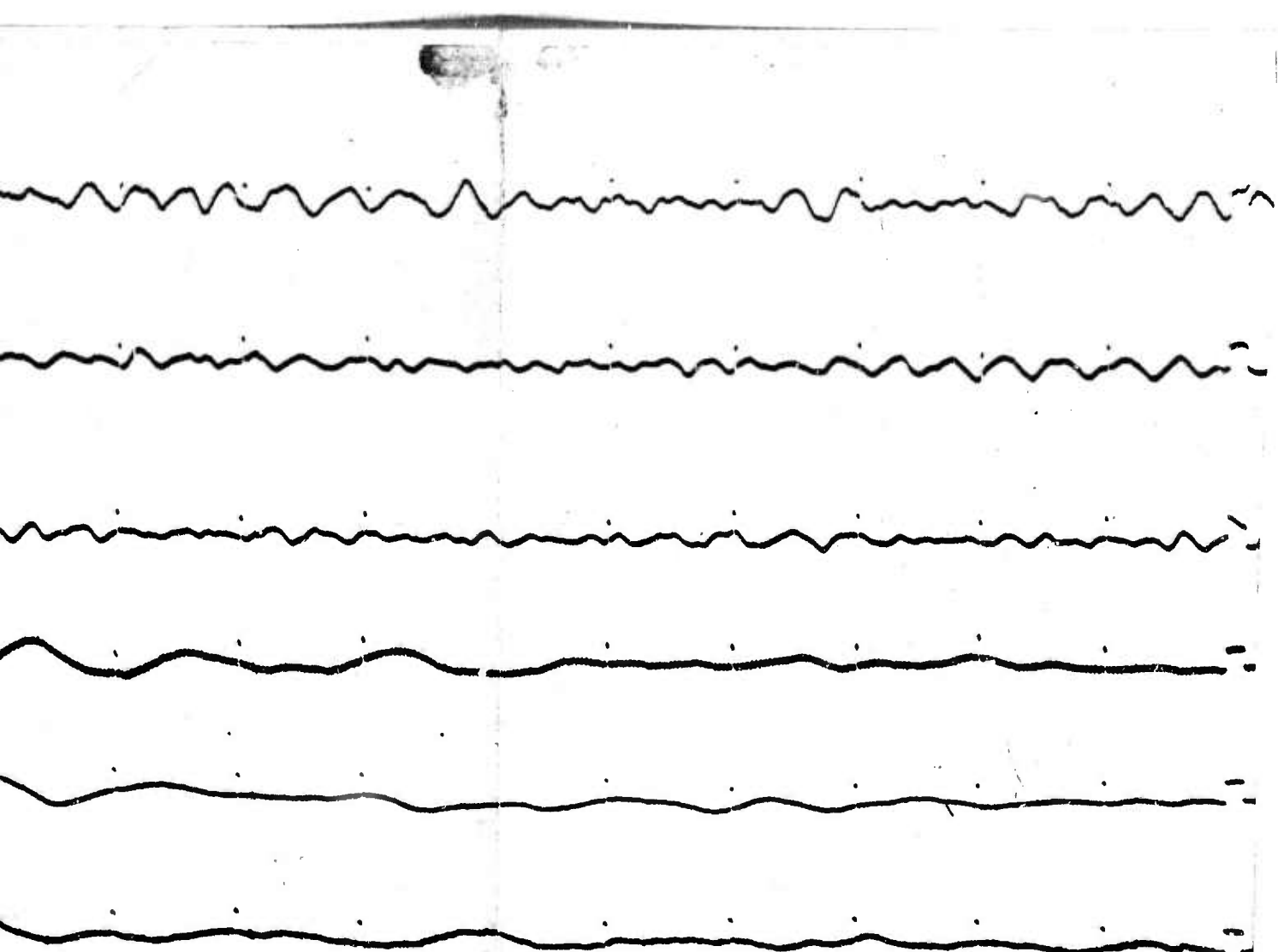
K



L



M



N

KNICKERBOCKER

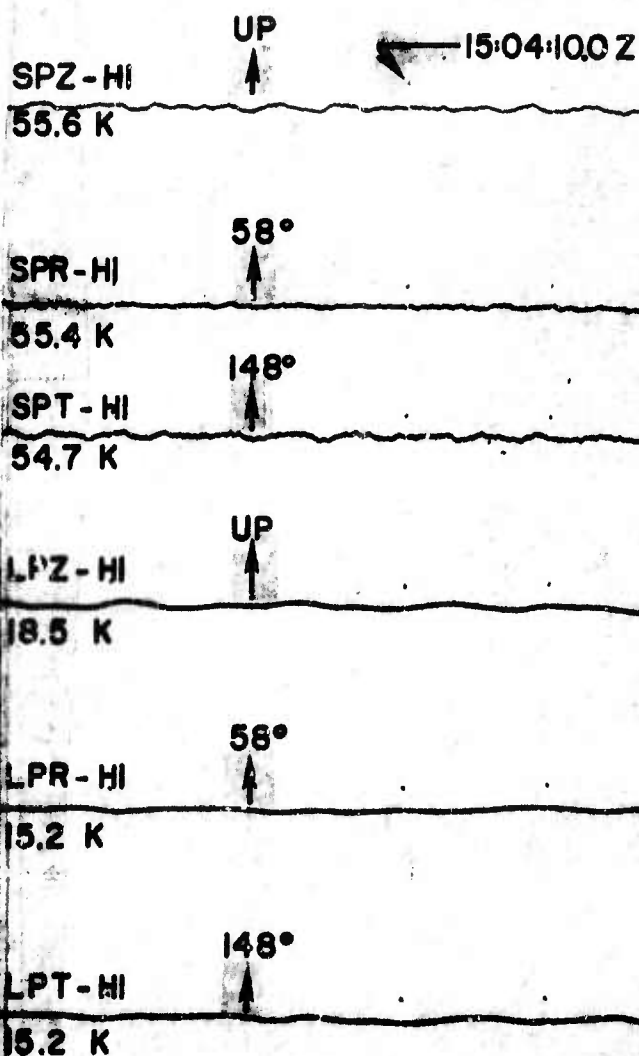
RK-ON

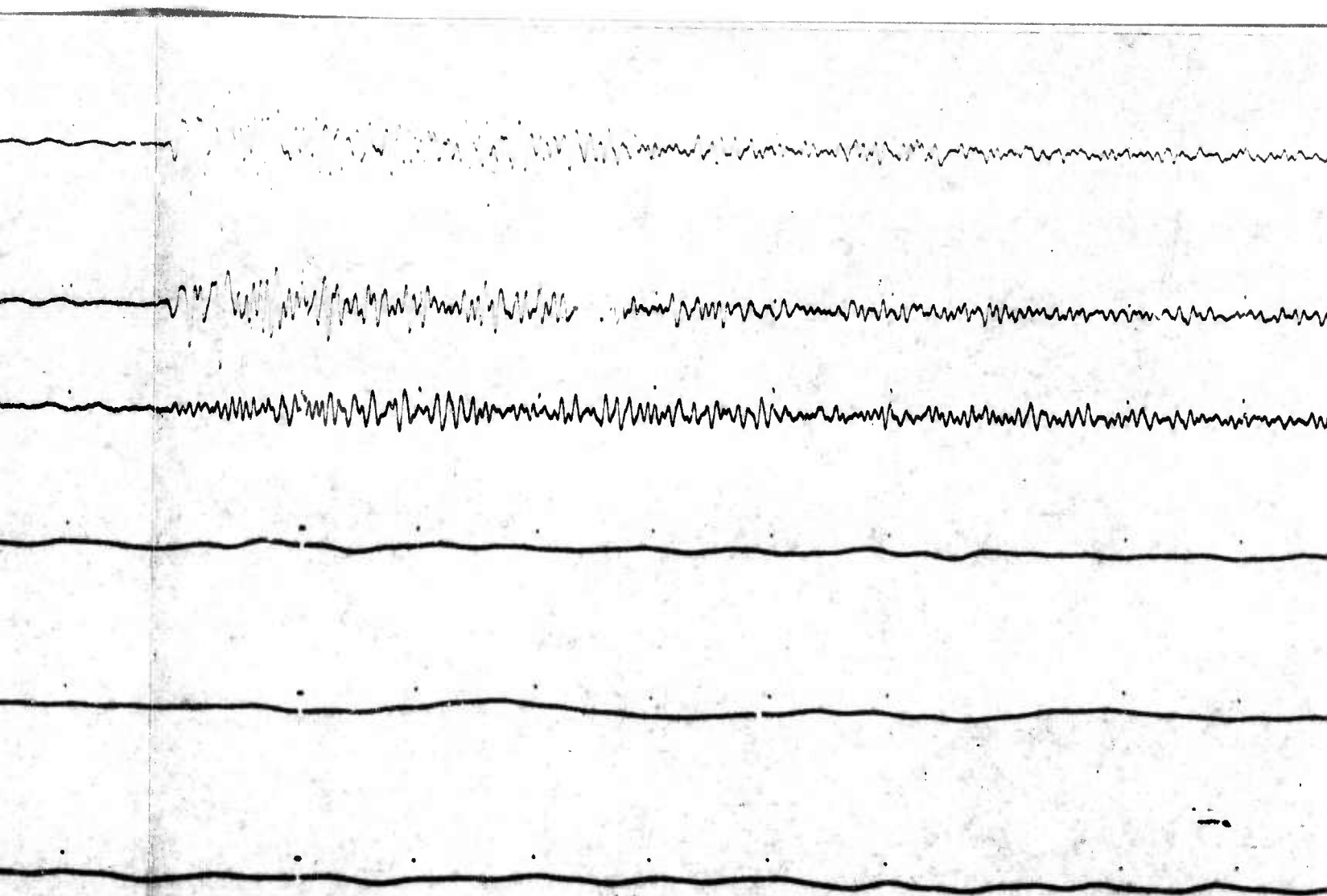
RED LAKE, ONTARIO, CANADA

26 MAY 1967

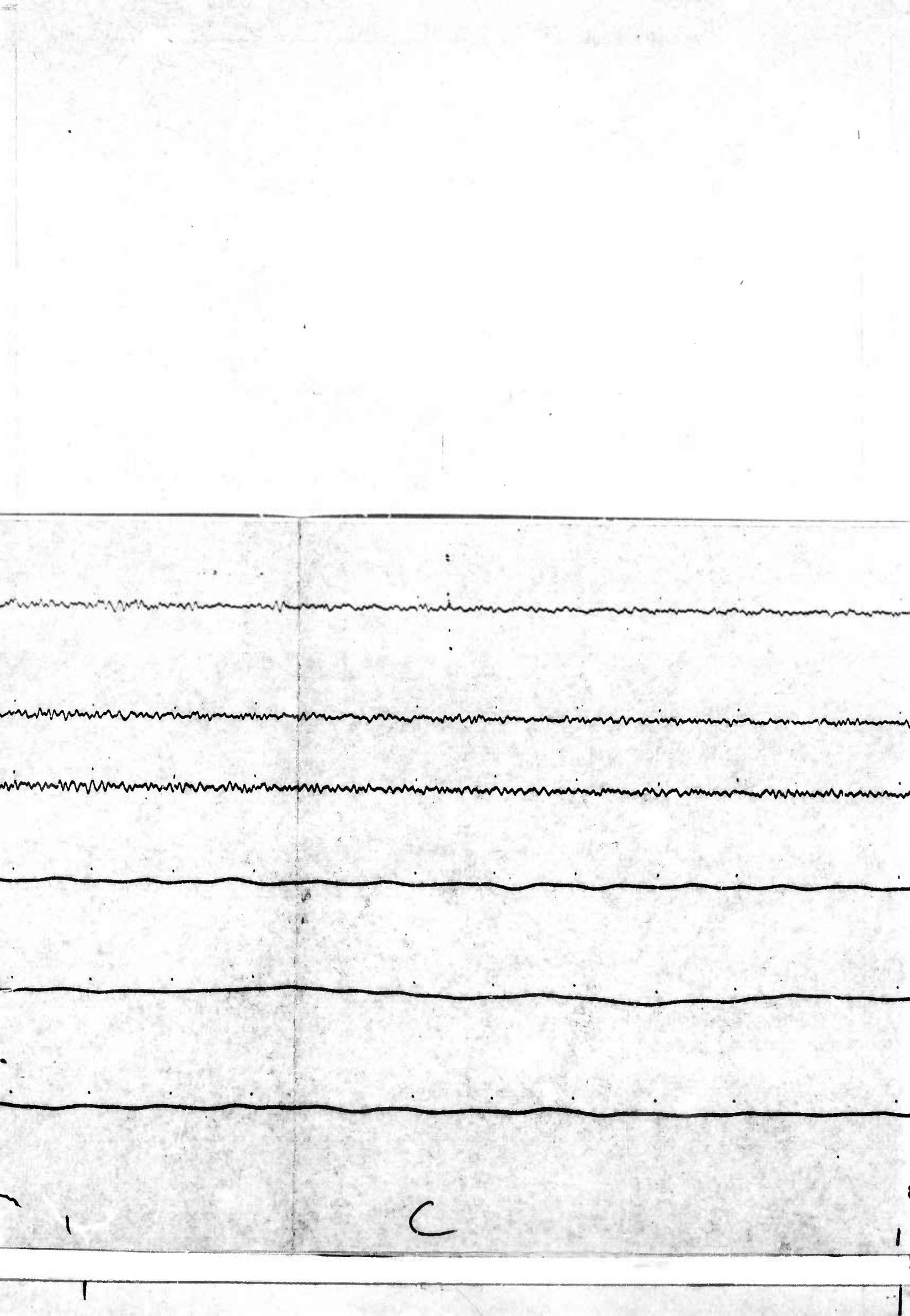
$\Delta = 2355$ km

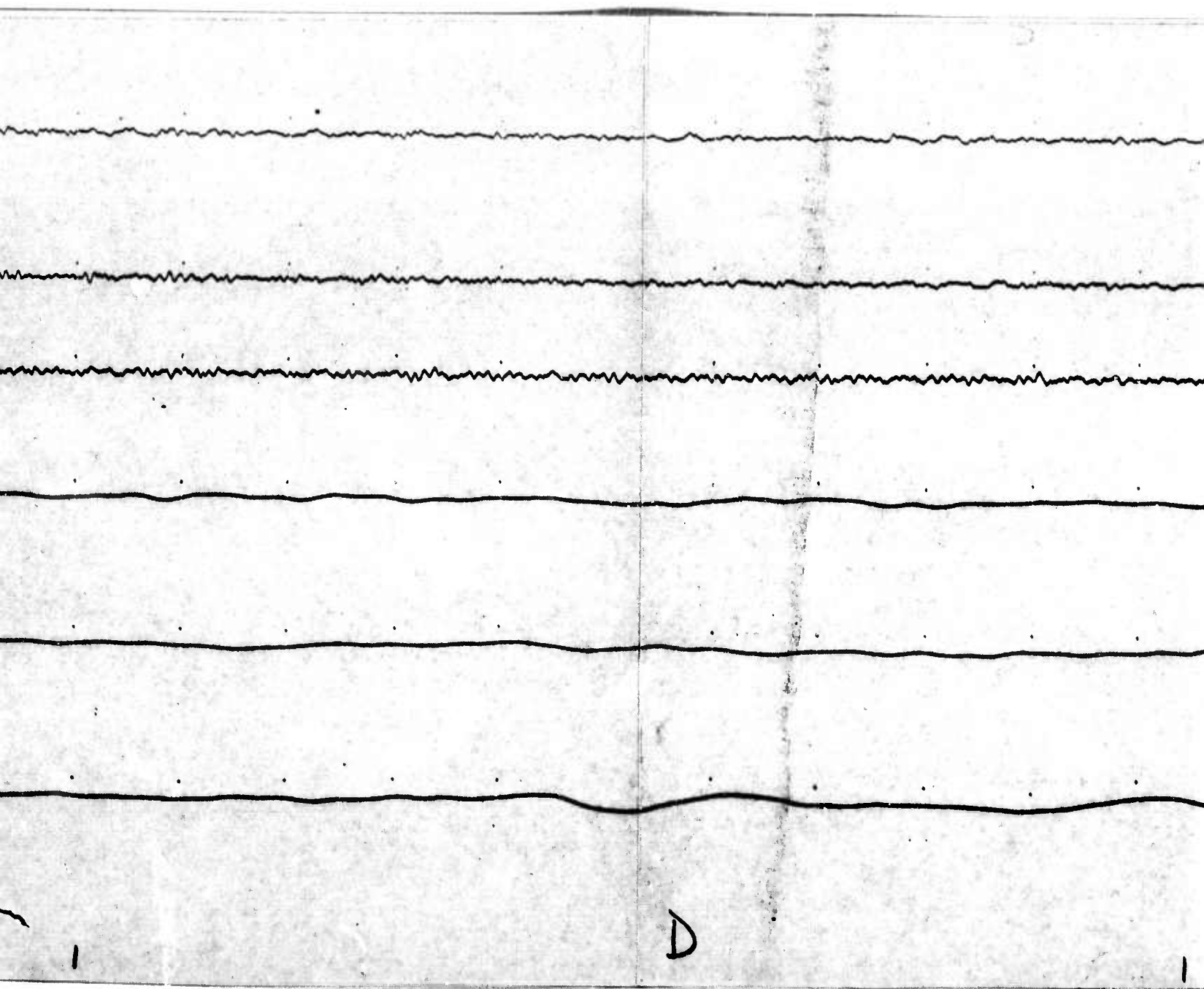
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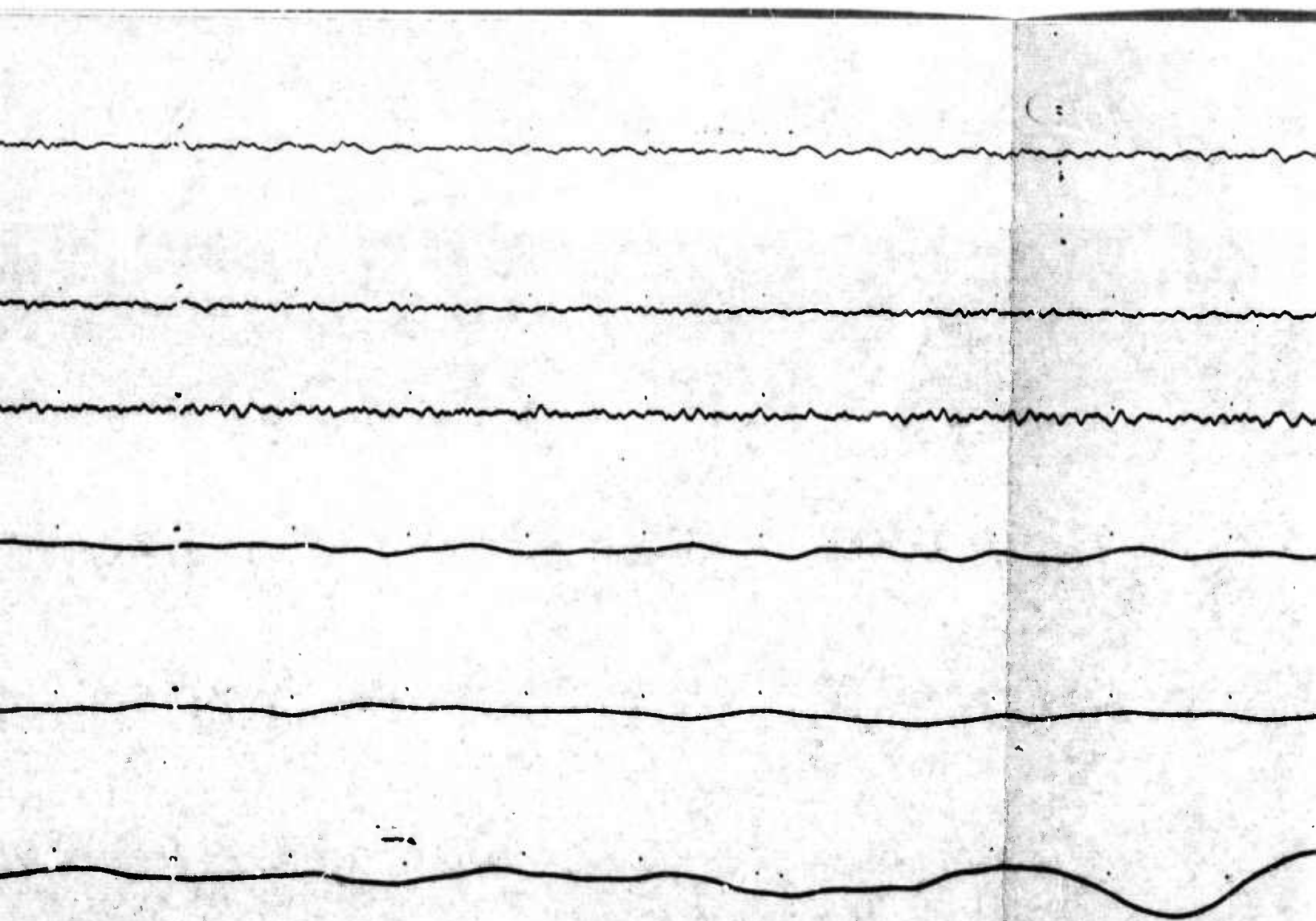




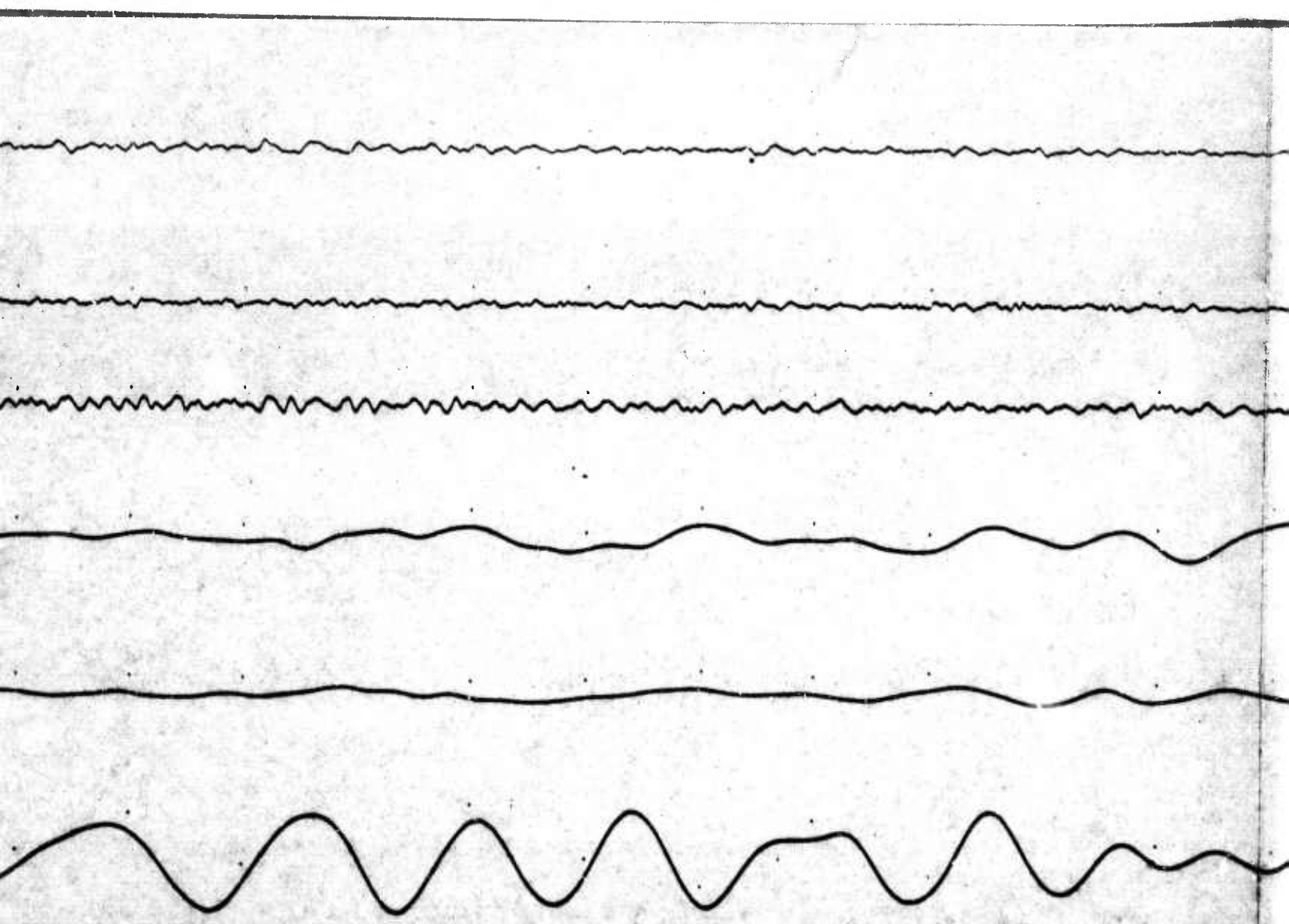
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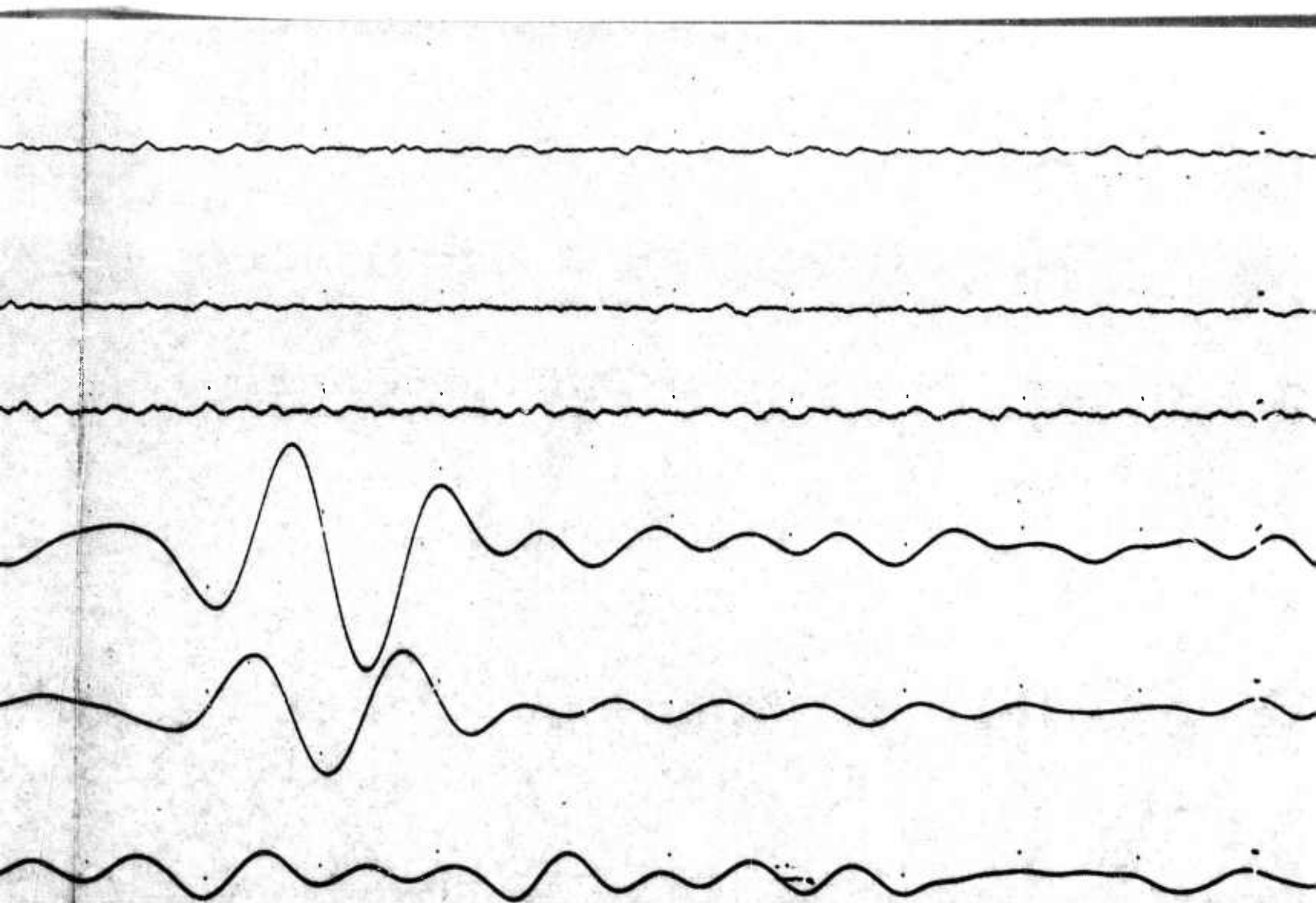




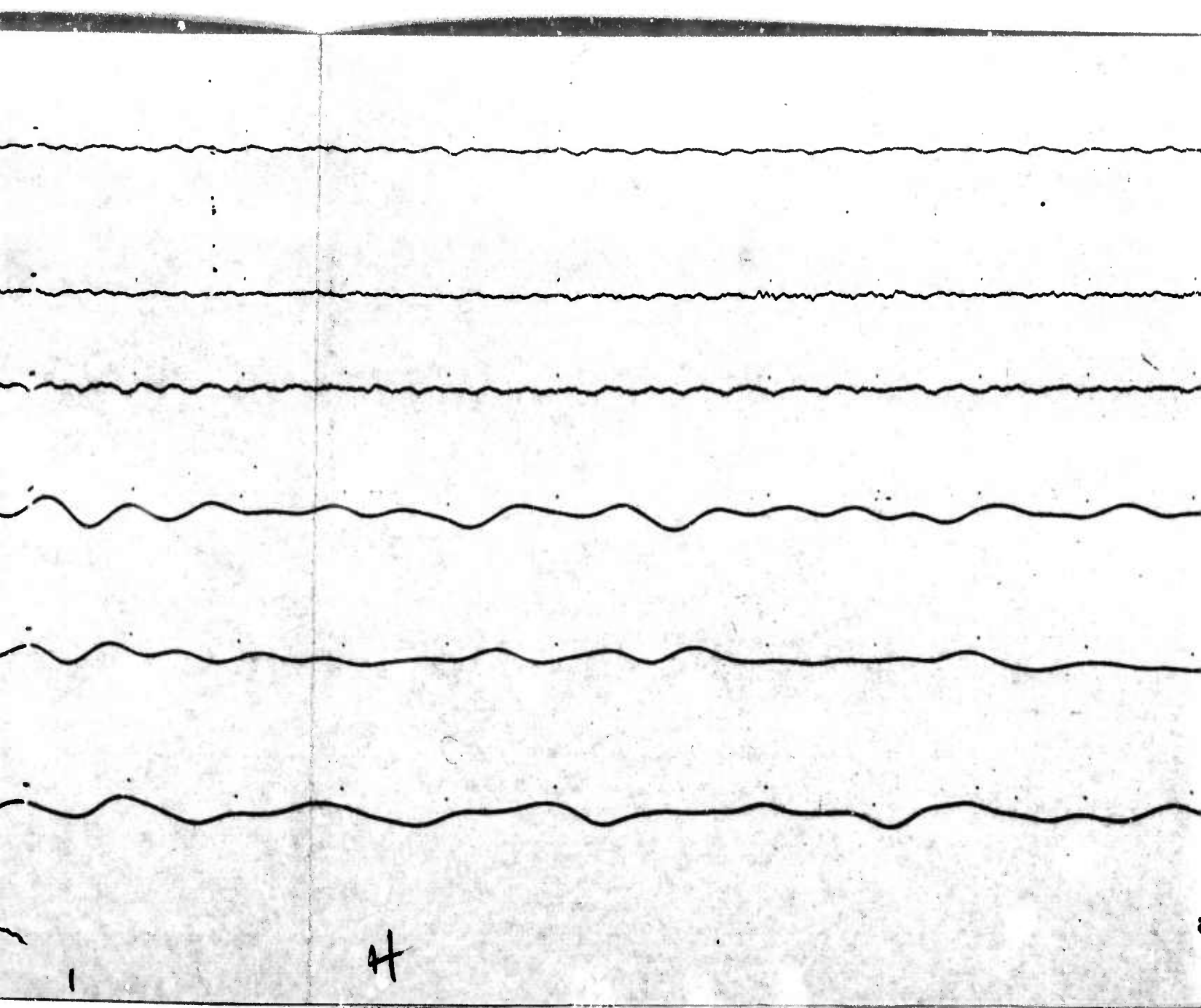
E

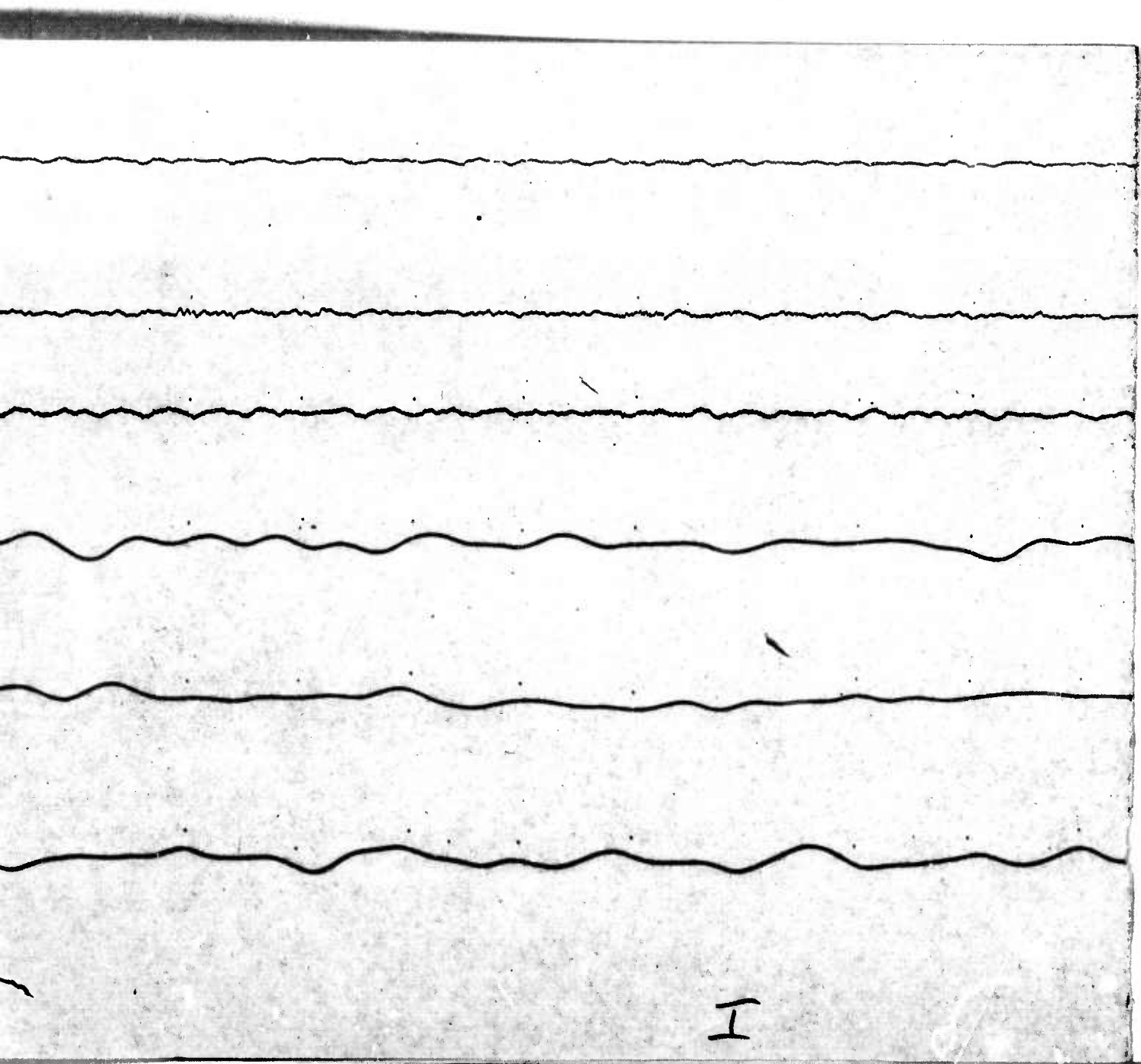


F



G





I

KNICKERBOCKER

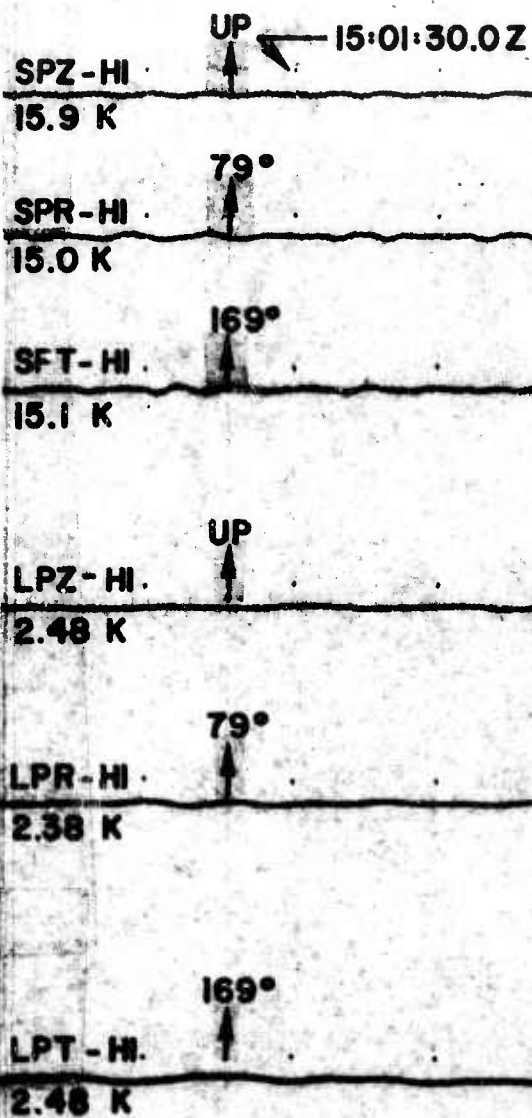
FK-CO

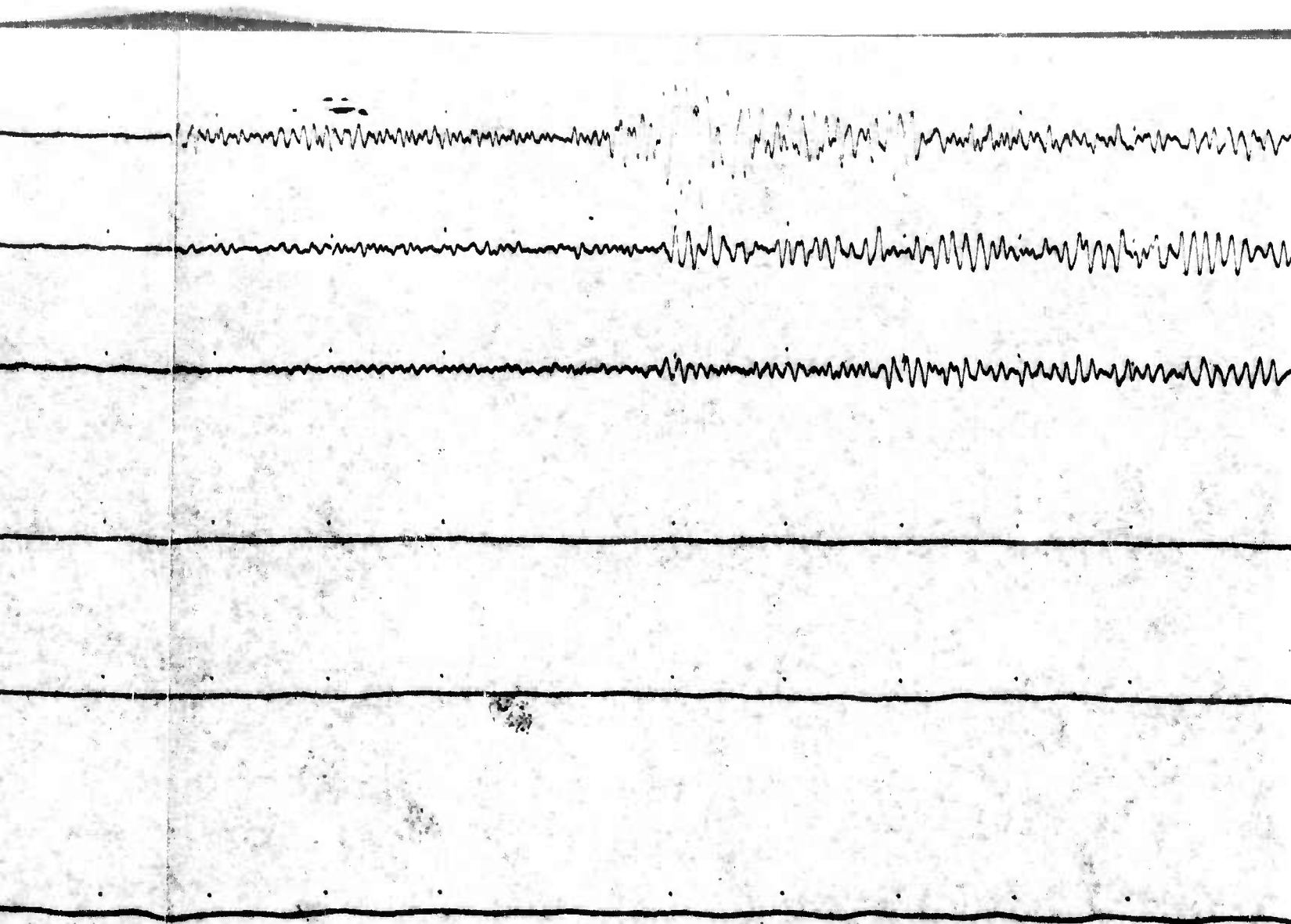
FRANKTOWN, COLORADO

26 MAY 1967

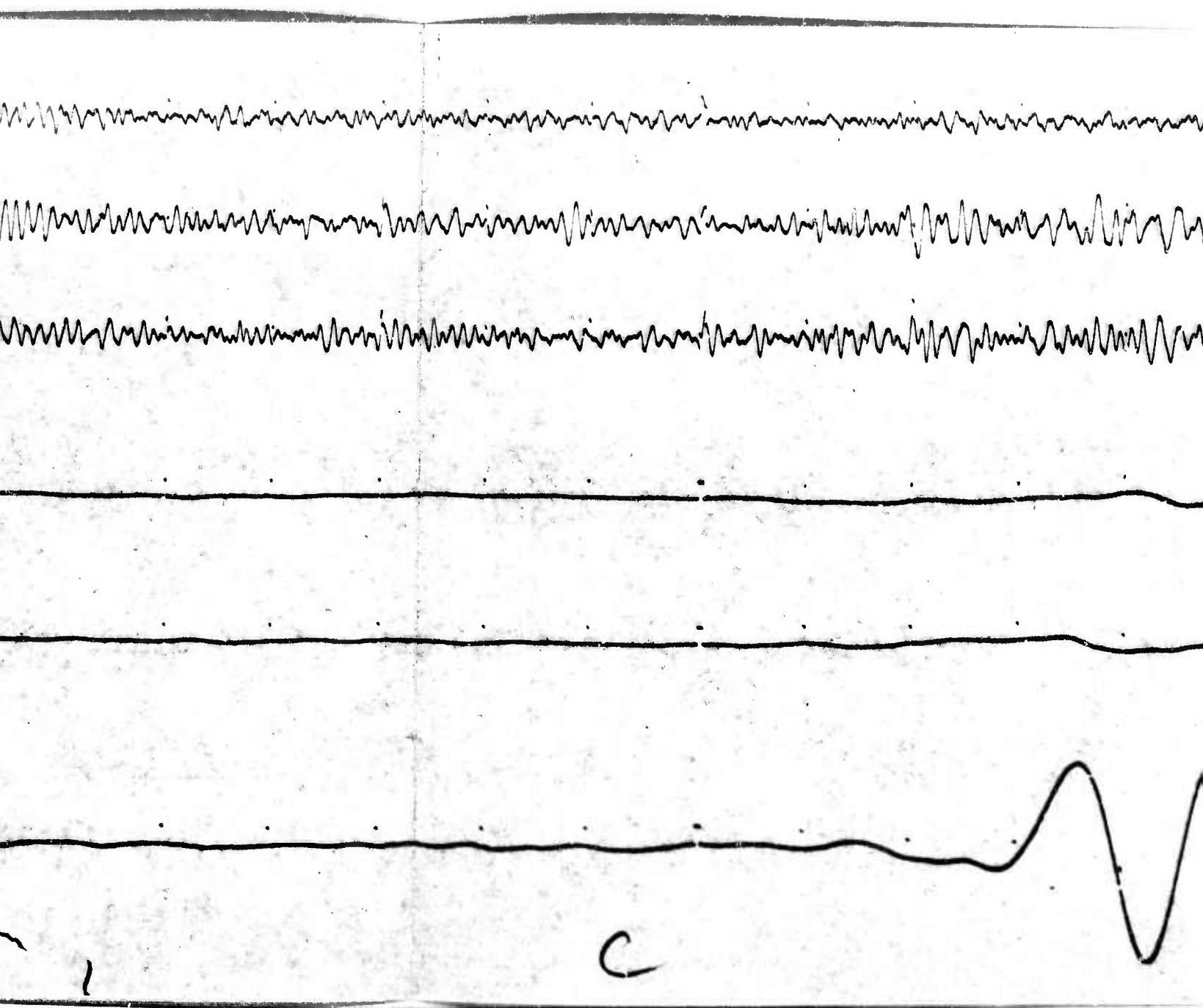
$\Delta = 1081$ km

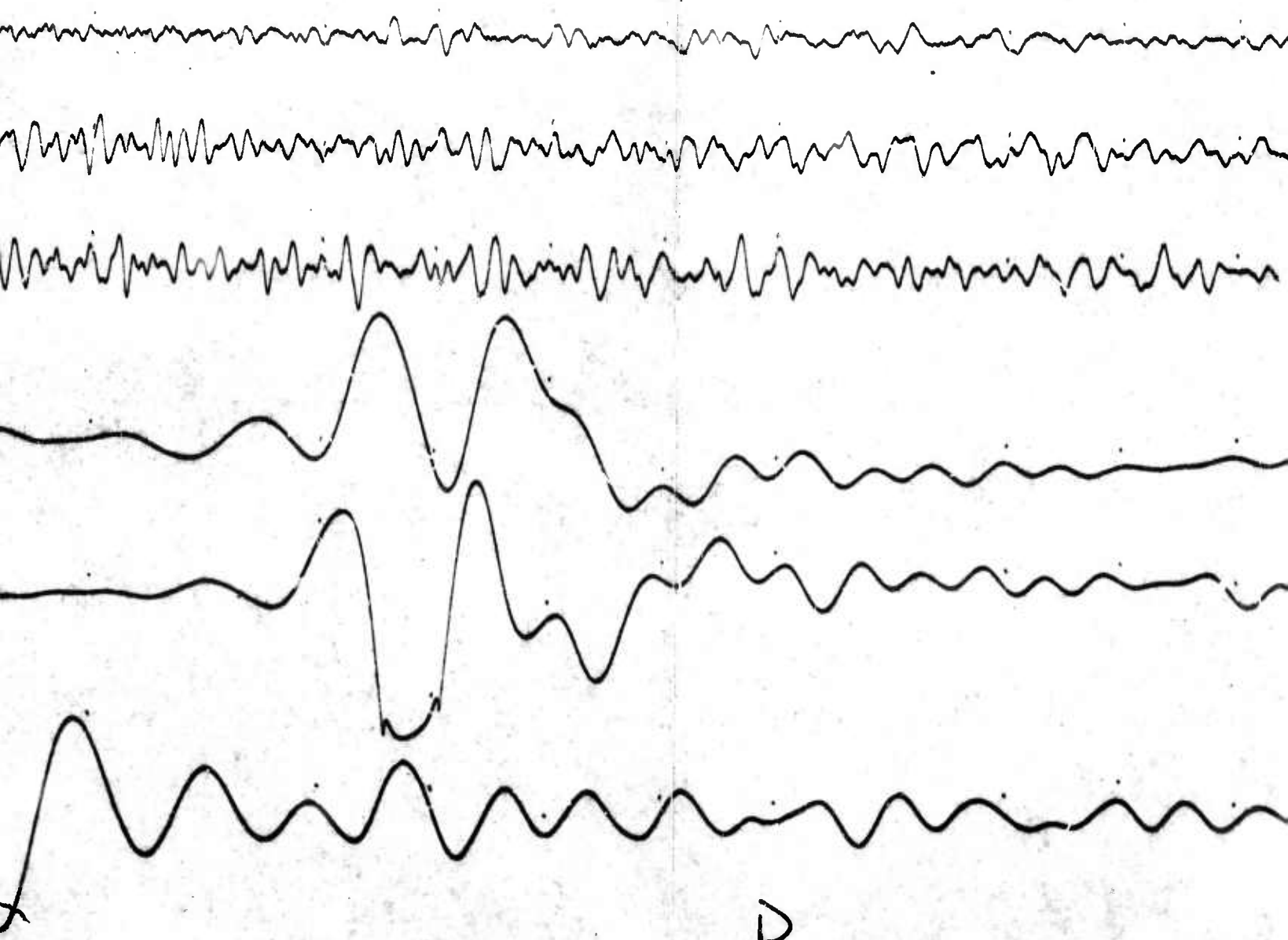
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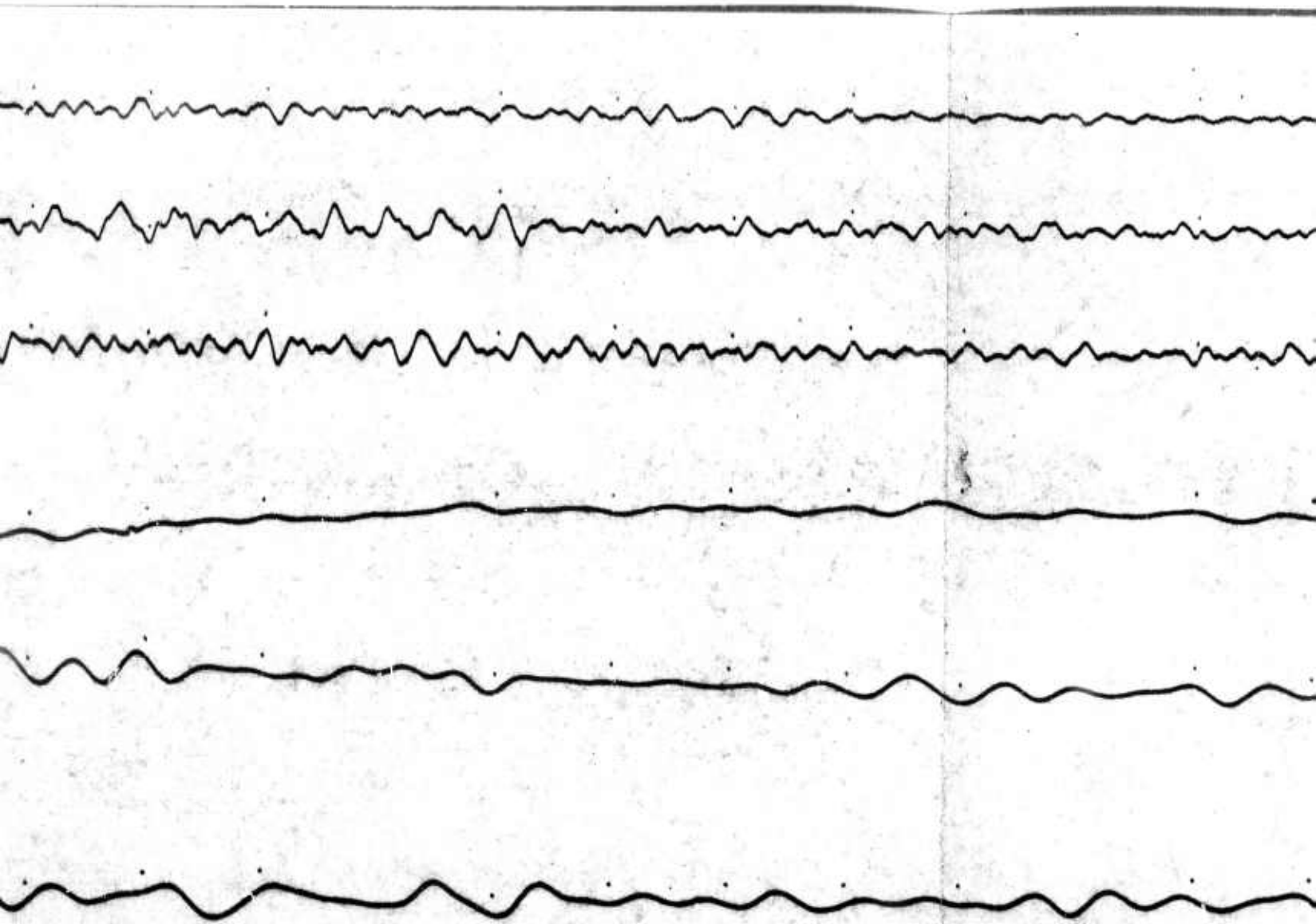




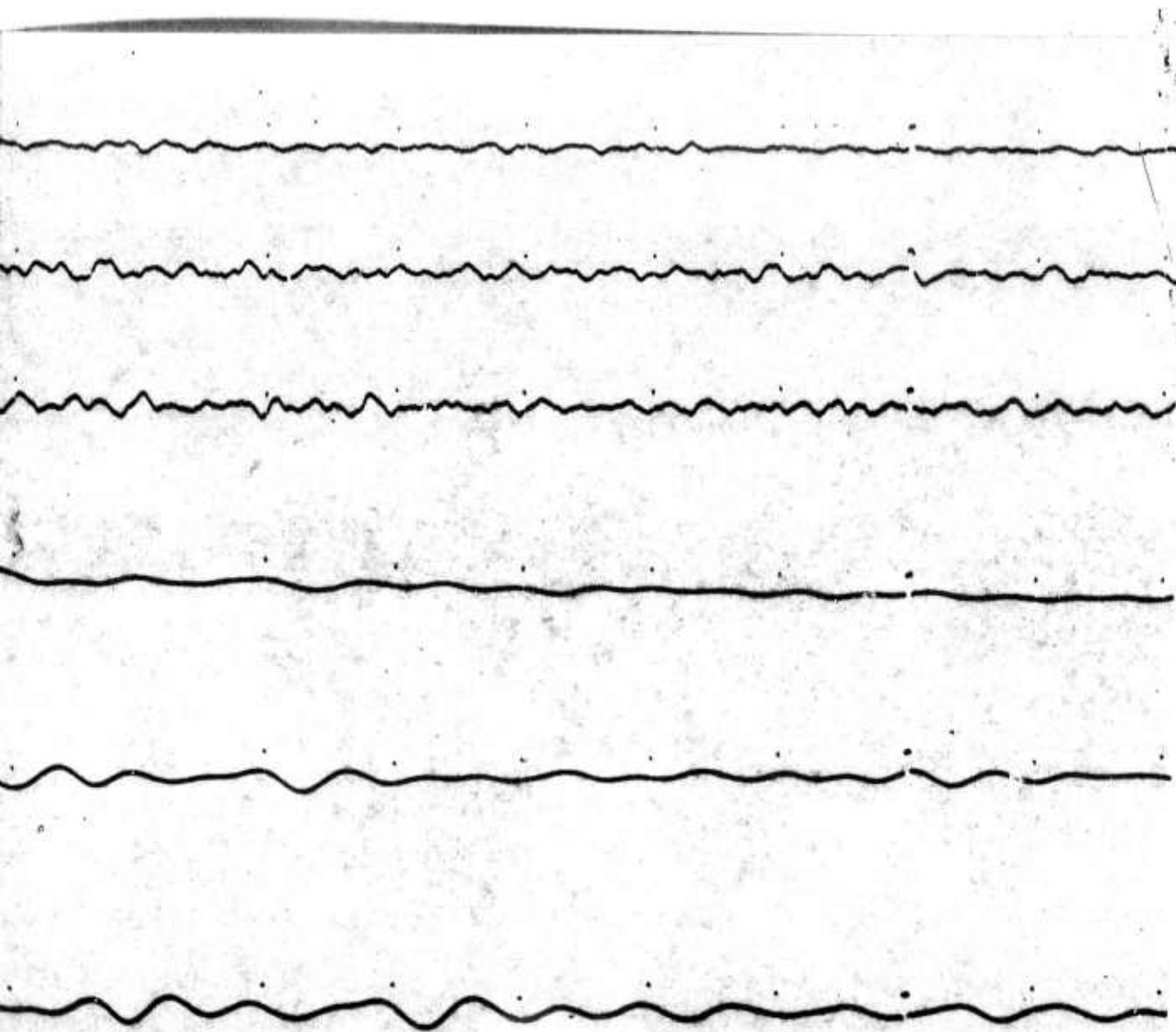
B







E



F

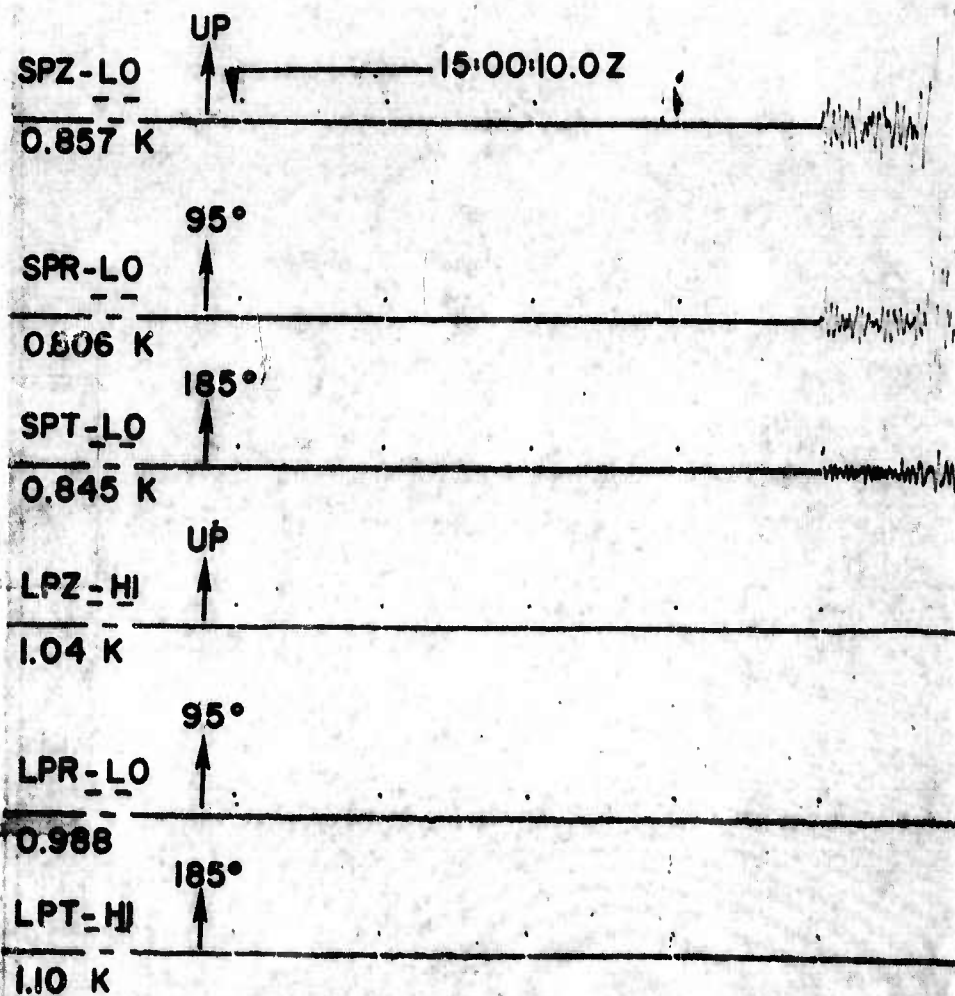
KNICKERBOCKER

KN-UT

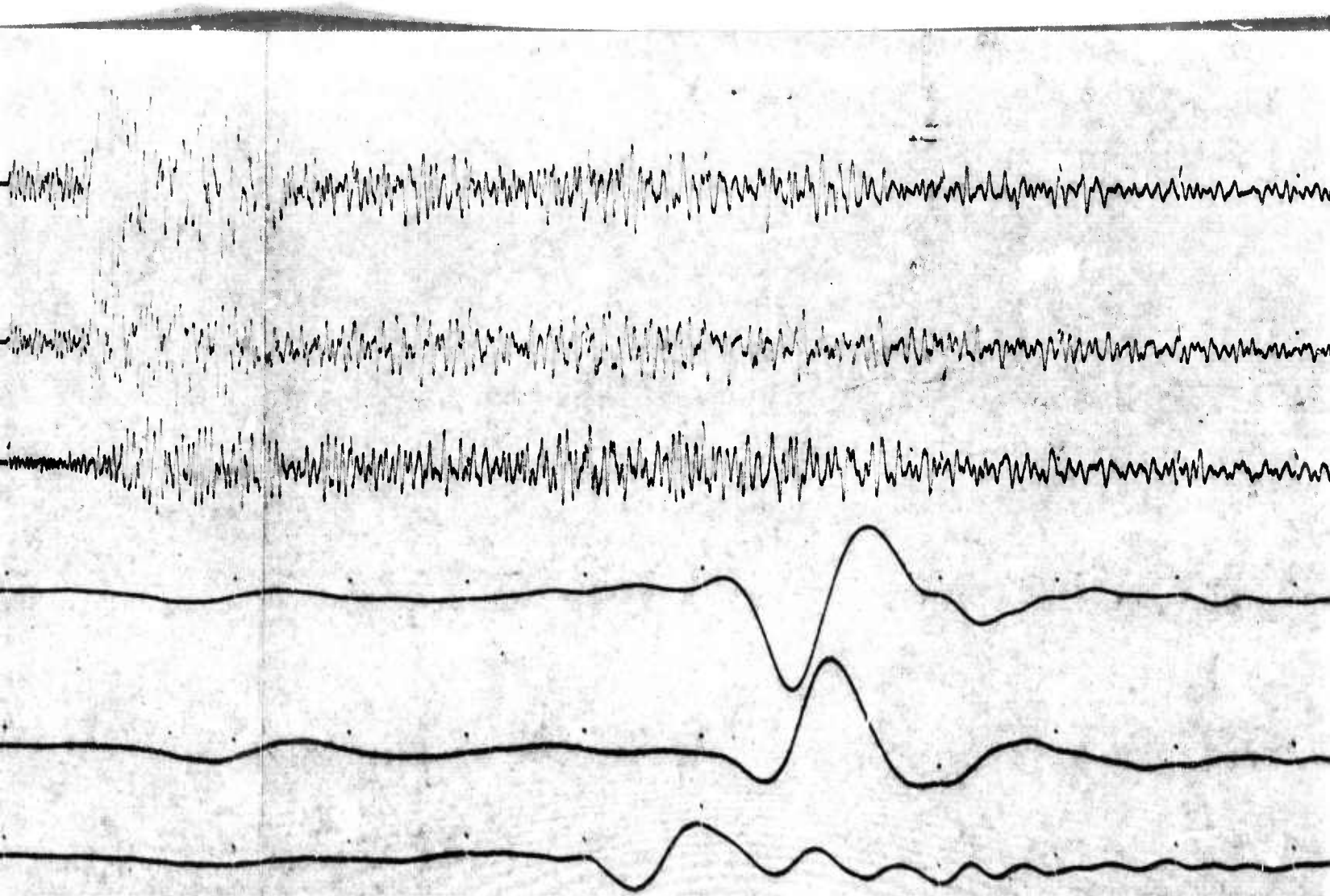
KANAB, UTAH

26 MAY 1967

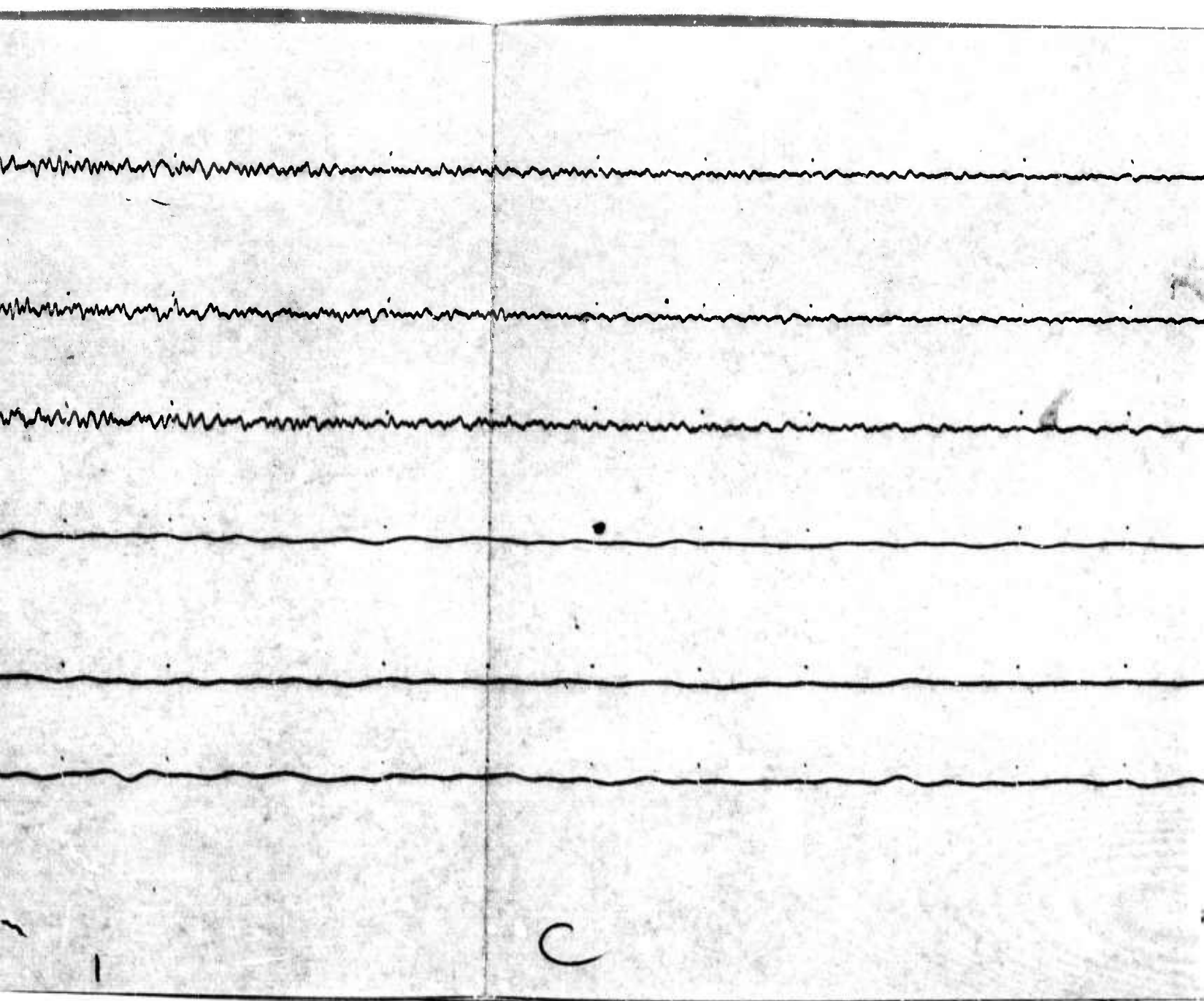
$\Delta = 326$ km

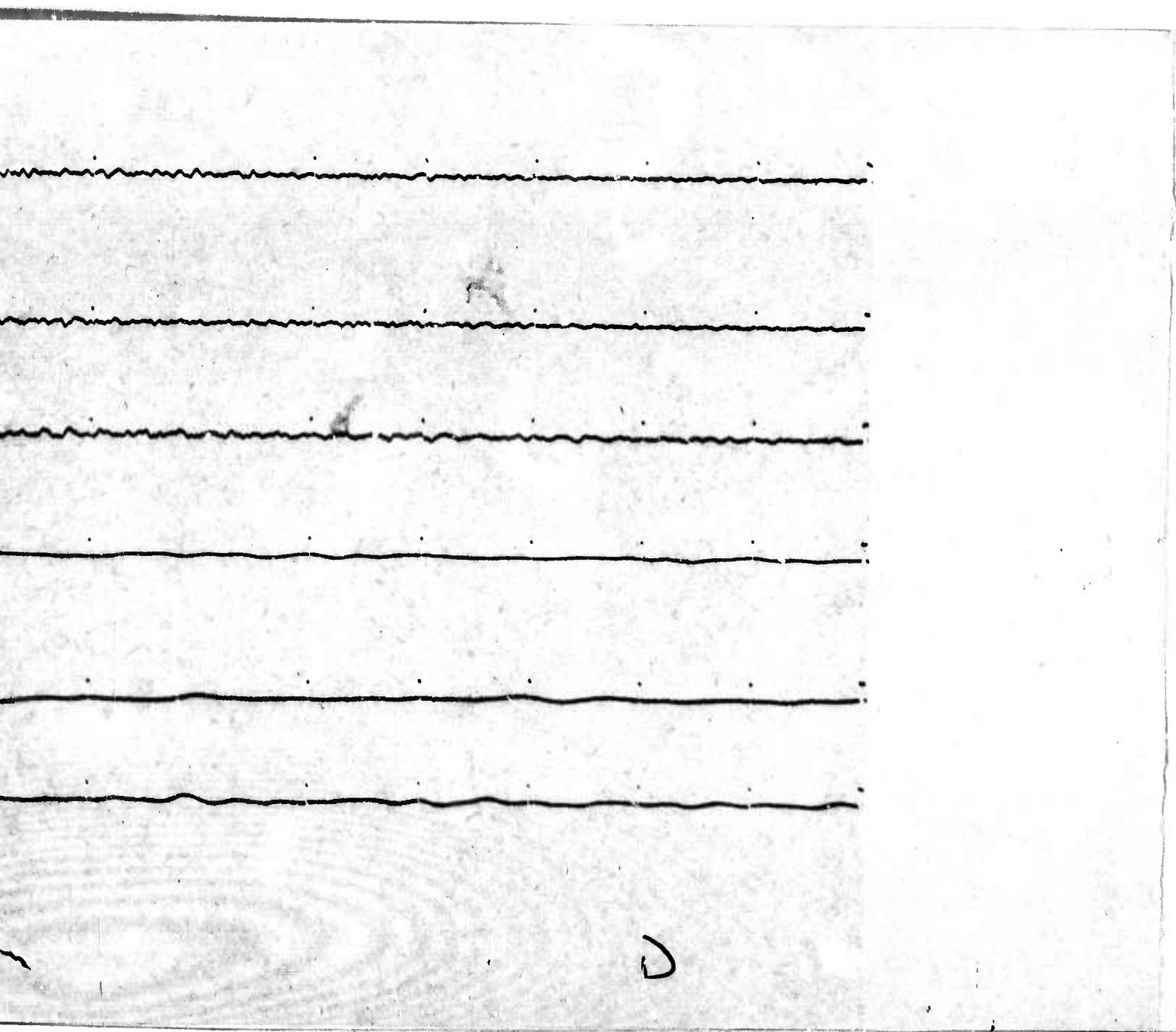


A



B





Unclassified

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13. ABSTRACT An analysis of seismological data from an underground nuclear explosion as a continuing study to provide information to aid in distinguishing between earthquakes and explosions. A table of travel-times and amplitudes of P, Pg, Lg, and surface waves are included along with other unidentified phases. () ↑			
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